

# OPERATING AND SERVICE INSTRUCTIONS

TRANSCEIVER MODEL SR-2000



Figure 1. Hallicrafters' Model SR-2000 Transceiver.

# SECTION I GENERAL DESCRIPTION

#### 1-1. INTRODUCTION.

The Hallicrafters Model SR-2000 Transceiver is a precision built, compact, high performance transceiver of advanced design. The transceiver utilizes 19 tubes plus one voltage regulator and 22 diodes in a double conversion heterodyning system for transmission and reception of single sideband (SSB) and continuous wave (CW) code signals on the 80, 40, 20, 15, and 10 meter amateur bands.

With the Model P-2000 Power Supply and an antenna, key and microphone, the equipment represents a complete desk top amateur station capable of operating at a power level equal to the maximum legal limit. The final amplifier tubes are rated at 800 watts plate dissipation.

A special feature of the Model SR-2000 is the Receiver Incremental Tuning (RIT) control. This control enables the operator to unlock the receiver frequency and tune the receiver approximately 3 KC either side of the transmitter frequency without disturbing the transmitter tuning. Flipping the RIT switch OFF automatically returns the equipment to the transceiver condition.

Another desirable feature of the Model SR-2000 is the Amplified Automatic Level Control (AALC) which functions in the transmit mode. The AALC circuitry prevents splatter, due to severe flat-topping of the final amplifier signal, by providing about 15 DB of compression at the point when flat-topping begins to occur.

Other features of the Model SR-2000 Transceiver include:

- Noise blanker circuit operating ahead of the IF filter for effective noise limiting action.
- Choice of VOX or PTT control for SSB operation and a choice of manual or automatic break-in control for CW operation.
- Upper and lower sideband operation with common carrier frequency on all bands.
- Smooth gear driven tuning mechanism with one kilocycle readout display.

- An accurately calibrated VFO with excellent mechanical and temperature stability.
- Constant tuning rate on all bands.
- Crystal lattice 1650 KC filter with 6 poles for optimum selectivity and single sideband response.
- Product detector with crystal controlled beat frequency oscillator injection for maximum stability.
- Keyed sidetone for monitoring CW transmissions.
- Excellent cross modulation and overload characteristics.
- Complete metering for the final amplifier tubes Separate plate voltage, plate current and screen current meters.
- "S" meter for receiver and RFO metering for transmitter tuning convenience.
- Built-in 100 KC crystal calibrator for exact dial calibration.

#### 1-2. TVI (TELEVISION INTERFERENCE) SUPPRESSION.

The Model SR-2000 Transceiver has been designed and constructed to suppress spurious radiation that may cause television interference. The TVI problem was given full consideration in the design and layout of the chassis. Components specifically selected to avoid undesired resonances and arranged to prevent parasitic oscillation have been used throughout.

There are, however, some types of TVI that cannot be prevented within the transmitter itself. This is particularly true in fringe reception areas. In such cases, a good commercial low-pass filter connected at the transceiver antenna connector is recommended. For a more complete discussion of measures that may be used to handle special problems of this type, refer to the "Radio Amateur's Handbook" published by the American Radio Relay League.

# IMPORTANT

Do not attempt to operate the Model SR-2000 equipment before becoming completely familiar with the instructions contained within this manual.

# SECTION II TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

# **TUBES AND FUNCTIONS**

V1	12DK6	Receiver RF Amplifier	V10	OA2	Voltage Regulator	
V2	7059	Receiver and Transmitter 1st Mixer	vii	7059	2nd Transmitter Mixer and 100 KC Crystal Oscillator	
V3	7059	IF Amplifier and AALC Ampli- fier	V12	7056	Heterodyne Oscillator	
			V13	12BA6	VFO	
V4	12AT7	2nd Receiver Mixer and VFO Amplifier	V14	12AT7	BFO/Carrier Oscillator and 3rd Mic. Amplifier	
V5	7059	Noise Amplifier and Pulse Amplifier	V15	6AQ5	Audio Output	
V6	6GX6	1st 1650 KC IF Amplifier and Blanker	V16	8122	Transmitter Power Amplifier	
272	2324	4 1 124 A 14 A 14 A 14 A 14 A 14 A 14 A	V17	8122	Transmitter Power Amplifier	
V7	7059	2nd 1650 KC IF Amplifier and Side Tone Amplifier	V18	12BY7A	Transmitter Driver	
V8	7059	AGC Amplifier and Meter Amp- lifier	V19	12AT7	1st Mic. Amplifier and 2nd Mic. Amplifier	
V9	12AT7	Product Detector and 1st Audio Amplifier	V20	12AT7	VOX Amplifier and Relay Amplifier	
4						

GENERAL.				
Tuning Ranges Full frequency coverage of the amateur bands in eight ranges as follows;				
	80M	3.5 to 4.9 MC		
	40M	7.0 to 7.5 MC		
	20M	14.0 to 14.5 MC		
	15M	21.0 to 21.5 MC		
	10M	28.0 to 28.5 MC		
	10M	28.5 to 29.0 MC		
	10M	29.0 to 29.5 MC		
	10M	29.5 to 30.0 MC		
Heterodyne Oscillator Crystals Type CR-18A/U in HC-6 holder				
	Band	Frequency		
	3.5	10,000.000 KC		
	7.0	13,500.000 KC		
	14.0	10,250.000 KC		
	21.0	13,750.000 KC		
	28.0	17,250.000 KC		
	28.5	17,500.000 KC		
	29.0	17,750.000 KC		
	29.5	18,000.000 KC		
Types of Emission	. SSB - Se	electable USB/LSB with suppressed carrier.		
	CW - K	leyed RF carrier.		
Frequency Control	Separate	tained VFO for transmit and receive modes. transmitter frequency control available with A-20 DX Adaptor unit.		
Transmission Control	. Single Si	deband Operation		
	MO	OX - Manual (Push-to-talk).		
	VC	X - Voice control.		
	CW Oper	ration.		
	M	OX - Manual,		
	vo	OX - Automatic break-in.		
Dial Calibration	One KC is	ncrements, 500 KC tuning range.		
Calibration Accuracy	high freq error le	n 2 KC error across the dial after indexing at uency end of the dial. Band to band calibration ss than ±2 KC. Internal 100 KC crystal conalibrator.		
Frequency Stability	. Less the minute thereafte	warm-up, and less than 100 cycles per hour		

Cable Connector Data . . . . . . . . . . . . Front Panel MIC connector - Amphenol type 80-MC2M. PHONES jack - Standard 1/4-inch two conductor phone plug. Rear Cabinet KEY jack - Standard 1/4-inch two conductor phone plug. ANTENNA connector - Mil. No. PL-259 (49190) UHF series. RCVR AUDIO (500 OHMS) connector - Standard RCA phono plug. POWER connector - Cinch-Jones type S-312-CCTL (12-pin plug). HI-VOLTAGE connector - Cinch-Jones type S-2402-CCT (2-pin plug). ACCESSORY connector - Amphenol type 86-PM11 (11-pin plug). Power Supply Requirements . . . . . . . . . Model P-2000 (Refer to data for Model P-2000 Power Construction . . . . . . . . . . . . Light weight aluminum. TRANSMITTER SSB LOW POWER - 1000 watts PEP. CW - 900 watts maximum. SSB LOW POWER - 500 watts PEP. CW - 500 watts. \*Slightly lower on 15M and 10M bands. non-reactive. Type of Sideband Generation . . . . . . . . Solid state modulator with 1650 KC, 6 pole crystal filter. (Nominal 3 DB BW = 2.1 KC.)

or less for PEP output.

Unwanted Sideband Rejection..................................50 DB below desired output at 500 to 2500 CPS input. Carrier Suppression Capability. . . . . . . . . . 60 DB below PEP output. Spurious Emission . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 50 DB or more below PEP output. RECEIVER Sensitivity . . . . . . . One microvolt or less for 20 DB signal to noise ratio. Audio Output . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . One watt with less than 10% distortion. Dual Conversion System . . . . . . . . . . First IF = 6 MC to 6.5 MC Second IF = 1650 KC with crystal lattice filter. Crystal Lattice Filter . . . . . . . . . . . Six pole, symmetrical passband. Center frequency = 1650 KC. B/W = 2.1 KC (3 DB). B/W = 4.2 KC (50 DB). Carrier frequencies: USB = 1651.550 KC.LSB = 1648.550 KC.AVC Figure of Merit . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 60 DB or more RF input change for less than 10 DB change in audio output, RIT Frequency Range . . . . . . . . . . . . . 4 KC minimum. In Band Tweets . . . . . . . . . . . . . Less than one microvolt equivalent CW signal. First IF Rejection . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . Better than 46 DB (4.0 MC and 7.0 MC). Better than 60 DB at all other frequencies. Image and Spurious Rejection ..... Better than 50 DB.

#### **ACCESSORIES**

# Model P-2000 Power Supply

Styled as a companion unit to the Model SR-2000 Transceiver, the power supply also contains the speaker and final amplifier plate metering facilities for the transceiver. The speaker is a 3 X 5-inch unit with a frequency response optimized for the voice frequency range.

Two meters provide for monitoring the final amplifier plate current (0 to 1 ampere) and plate voltage (0 to 5 kilovolts). The metering circuits employed, permit the meter cases to operate at ground potential thereby avoiding a shock hazard.

Solid state silicon rectifiers are employed throughout for cool, maintenance free operation.

The low voltage circuits such as heater supply, low B+, receiver audio, etc. are carried in one cable with a 12-pin connector while the final amplifier plate and screen supply voltages are carried in a separate cable and plug termination to provide a maximum safety factor.

The power supply is shipped from the factory with the line cord wired and fitted with the plug for 115V, 2-wire service. A line cord plug is also supplied for use with 230V, 3-wire service.

Line protection is provided by two 12-ampere fuses wired so that they operate in series from a 230-volt AC source and in parallel from a 115-volt AC source. The use of one size fuse for either source voltage avoids the possibility of incorrect line protection.

Diode Complement - 9 silicon diodes.

Fuse Ratings -12 Ampere 250V type 3 AB. 3 Ampere 250V type 3 AG.

Power Supply Requirements -115V, 2-wire or 230V, 3-wire AC, 60 cycles, single phase.

Input Power Requirements -Transmit - 2300 Watts. Receive - 175 Watts

Dimensions (HWD) -  $7-3/4 \times 10-5/6 \times 15$  inches.

Net Weight - 61 pounds.

Shipping Weight - 65 pounds.

#### Model HA-20 DX Adapter

Styled to complement the Model SR-2000 Transceiver, the DX adapter contains a VFO unit equal to the VFO in the Model SR-2000 and a VSWR bridge.

The VFO in the DX adapter provides separate transmitter frequency control which will allow reception with the Model SR-2000 VFO outside the American Amateur bands and transmission, via the DX adapter VFO, within the American bands. Dial calibration of the DX adapter VFO, through the Model SR-2000 Transceiver and calibrator, provides transmitter frequency control equal to that of the Model SR-2000 Transceiver.

The VSWR bridge metering and forward/reverse RF power switching are contained within the DX adapter. The bridge module connected into the antenna transmission line is designed to handle the full PEP output of the Model SR-2000. With a continuous VSWR check available, the operator knows at all times whether his antenna system is functioning properly.

The DX adapter receives power from its own 115V AC line cord. The control and signal circuits are carried to the Model SR-2000 through the ACCESSORY cable connector.

Power Supply Requirements -115V AC, 60 cycles, 20 watts. Dimensions (HWD) - 7 x 10-5/8 x 8 inches. Net Weight - 9 pounds.

Shipping Weight - 12 pounds.

# SECTION III INSTALLATION

# 3-1. UNPACKING.

After unpacking the Model SR-2000 Transceiver and Model P-2000 Power Supply, examine them carefully for possible damage that may have occurred in transit. If the equipment has been damaged, file a claim immediately with the carrier, stating the extent of the damage. Carefully check all shipping labels and tags for special instructions before removing or destroying them.

The power supply unit is shipped on a wood platform to support its weight. To remove the shipping platform, carefully turn the power supply unit over and set it down bottom side up. When handling the power supply, keep in mind that it weighs around 60 pounds. Remove the four shipping platform mounting screws (No.  $10 \times 3/4$  — inch) and lift the platform clear. Mount the four cabinet feet with the No.  $10 \times 1/2$  — inch screws

and flat washers supplied. The cabinet feet are fastened to the cabinet and chassis in the same mounting holes that were used for attaching the shipping platform. Be sure to install the flat washers between cabinet feet and the heads of the screws, DO NOT USE THE NO. 10 x 3/4 — INCH SHIPPING PLATFORM HARDWARE TO FASTEN THE CABINET FEET.

Set the power supply unit back on its feet.

#### 3-2. LOCATION.

The Model SR-2000 Transceiver and Model P-2000 Power Supply are, for operating convenience, designed to be placed side by side. The power supply may be located on either side of the transceiver unit as desired. It is very important that the transceiver be placed in an operating position that provides unobstructed circulation of

air directly behind and at the top of the unit. The air intake for the cooling blower is located at the rear of the cabinet and the unit exhausts the warm air out the top of the cabinet. UNDER NO CIRCUMSTANCES SHOULD ANY OBJECT BE PLACED ON TOP OF EITHER CABINET WHICH WOULD OBSTRUCT NORMAL FLOW OF THE COOLING AIR.

#### 3-3. POWER SOURCE.

The Model P-2000 Power Supply for the Model SR-2000 Transceiver is designed to operate from either 115-volt, 2-wire, or 230-volt, 3-wire 60 cycle single phase service. Operation from 230-volt, 2-wire service, available in many countries will necessitate the use of an additional conversion transformer. Details for this type installation may be obtained by contacting The Hallicrafters International Division, 4401 W. 5th Avenue, Chicago, Illinois, 60624.

Under peak power input conditions, the equipment may draw in excess of 10 amperes from 230-volt service or in excess of 20 amperes from 115-volt service. This power requirement will generally exceed the capabilities of most home 115-volt wall outlets. If the station is to operate from a 115-volt outlet, a separate circuit rated at 30 amperes should be provided.

#### 3-4. PRIMARY POWER CONNECTIONS.

The power supply is shipped from the factory with the line cord wired for 115-volt service outlets. The junction box wiring for the line cord may be exposed for inspection by removing the back cover of the power supply. The cover is held in place with two screws. See figure 2.

Note that the line cord wiring for 115-volt service requires that one side of the line shall be connected to terminals 1, 2 and 5 and the other side of the line shall be connected to terminals 3 and 4. The ground pin of the line cord plug is wired to the ground bolt on the chassis (Green lead).

If the equipment is to operate from a 230-volt, 3-wire, 60 cycle single phase service outlet, make the following changes in the power supply terminal strip wiring.

- A. Disconnect the line cord leads (three leads) and all jumpers connected to the terminal strip and to the chassis ground bolt. Retain the jumper wires for possible re-use.
- B. Connect terminal 2 to terminal 3, using the short jumper wire just removed in step A.
- C. Connect the green line cord lead to terminal 5. This is the neutral wire of the three wire system.
- D. Connect one of the two remaining line cord leads (black or white) to terminal 1 and the other to terminal 4. This completes the terminal strip wiring for 230-volt operation.
- E. Disconnect and remove the line cord plug supplied for 115-volt service. A 230-volt service plug has been supplied with the power supply for this purpose. Install and wire the 230-volt service plug, connecting the green neutral lead to the neutral pin and the black and white leads to each of the blade contacts. If the 230-volt service outlet does not match the style plug supplied, obtain a matching plug and wire as required. Make sure the green line cord lead is connected to the neutral terminal of the service outlet.

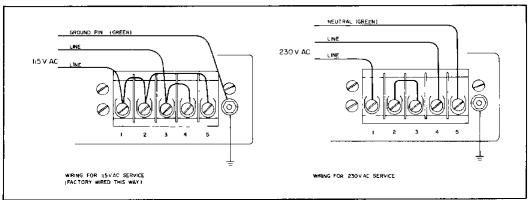


Figure 2. Model P-2000 Power Supply, Primory Power Connections.

#### CAUTION

THE VOLTAGES USED IN THE MODEL SR-2000 AND MODEL P-2000 ARE LETHAL, NEVER DEFEAT THE SAFETY INTERLOCK OR WORK INSIDE THE CABINETS OF EITHER UNIT WITH PRIMARY POWER CONNECTED.

# 3-5. INTER-CONNECTING THE TRANSCEIVER AND POWER SUPPLY.

The line cord must not be connected to the service outlet while interconnecting the two units. Interconnect the two units as follows:

- A. Plug the 12-pin low voltage cable connector into the transceiver receptacle marked POWER, located at the rear of the transceiver cabinet.
- B. Plug the 2-pin high voltage/screen voltage cable connector (two wire cable) into the mating receptacle at the rear of the transceiver cabinet near the top.
- C. Interconnect the GROUND studs of the transceiver and power supply with the lugged ground braid supplied. Clamp the lugs of the braid between the flat washers of the ground studs and tighten the stud nuts securely. This braided ground strap acts as a safety bond between the power supply and transceiver units since it backs up the ground wire in the low voltage cable. Reference should be made to figures 3, 4, and 5 when interconnecting the two units,

#### 3-6. GROUND CONNECTION.

In the interest of safety, it is strongly recommended that the Model SR-2000 and Model P-2000 units be grounded to a cold water pipe or good electrical earth ground. Station equipment that is left unbonded between units or between the equipment and ground may assume potential differences that could present a shock hazard.

In addition to the braided bond between the transceiver and power supply, connect a No. 14 ground wire or 1/8 inch tubular braid between the power supply ground stud and a cold water pipe or outside ground stake.

# 3-7. ACCESSORY CONNECTOR.

As shipped from the factory, the Model SR-2000 ACCESSORY receptacle will have a jumper plug (P1) installed to permit normal operation of the transceiver. Should the Model HA-20 DX

Adaptor be added to the station set-up, remove the jumper plug and connect the mating cable connector from the Model HA-20 in its place.

#### 3-8. ANTENNA CONNECTION.

The Model SR-2000 Transceiver is designed to terminate in a 50-ohm unbalanced transmission line

While a non-reactive 50-ohm load is preferred for optimum results, a VSWR of 2:1 can be accommodated by the transmitter with acceptable results. Many of the popular di-pole or beam antennas using 50-ohm transmission lines will give excellent results.

For more detailed information on the subject of antennas, refer to the "Radio Amateur's Handbook" or the "ARRL Antenna Book" both published by the American Radio Relay League.

#### IMPORTANT

Some form of lightning protection should be provided which will comply with local code requirements.

The ANTENNA connector located on the rear chassis apron of the Model SR-2000 Transceiver mates with a Mil, No. PL-259 (49190) UHF series coaxial connector. Use 52-ohm Mil, No. RG-6/U coaxial cable or equivalent for the feed line to the station antenna system.

Antenna systems with terminating impedance other than 50 ohms will require an impedance matching device capable of handling RF power of better than one kilowatt PEP.

#### CAUTION

NEVER OPERATE THE MODEL SR-2000 TRANSCEIVER AS A TRANS-MITTER WITHOUT AMATCHED AN-TENNA OR ADEQUATE DUMMY LOAD TERMINATION. ILLUMINAT-ING LAMPS WILL NOT PRESENT A CONSTANT LOAD IMPEDANCE. DAMAGE TO THE POWER AMPLI-FIER TUBES AND PI NETWORK COMPONENTS IS POSSIBLE IF THE EQUIPMENT IS OPERATED AS A TRANSMITTER UNLOADED, DO NOT OPERATE THE TRANSMITTER INTO AN ANTENNA SYSTEM HAVING A HIGH VSWR ON ITS TRANSMISSION LINE.

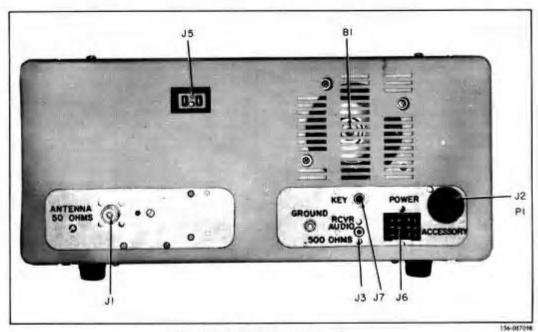


Figure 3. Model SR-2000 Transceiver, Rear View.

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Figure 4. Model P-2000 Power Supply, Rear View.

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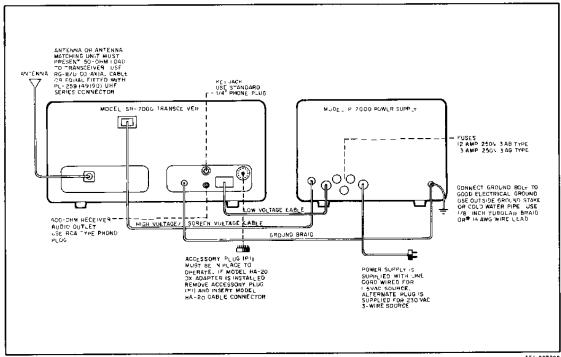


Figure 5. Typical Installation.

#### 3-9. MICROPHONE REQUIREMENTS.

The microphone receptacle is located on the front panel. The microphone cable should be fitted with an Amphenol type 80-MC2M connector wired as shown in figure 6.

Any good high impedance crystal or dynamic type microphone may be used, however best results will usually be achieved with a microphone designed especially for voice communication use.

The microphone circuit shown with the PTT switch may also be used with VOX control, however some microphones fitted with push-to-talk switches also mute the microphone element until the switch is pressed, hence VOX operation is not possible unless the microphone switch is altered accordingly.

Microphones without push-to-talk switching may be used with voice controlled operation (VOX). With the addition of the jumper wire shown (dashed line), these microphones may also be used when manual operation is desired. In this case, setting the OPERATION control at MOX places the transmitter on the air, and returning the control to REC puts the transceiver back in the receive mode.

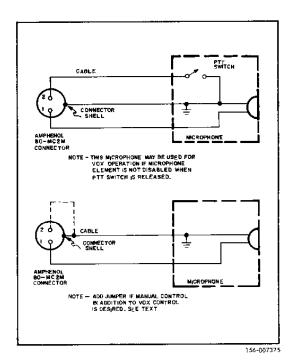


Figure 6. Microphone Wiring, With and Without Push-to-Talk Switch.

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#### 3-10. KEYER CONNECTION.

The station keyer is connected to the transceiver at the key jack located on the rear chassis apron. The key jack accepts a standard 1/4-inch phone plug. Wire the plug so that the key base connects to the plug sleeve which is at ground potential.

#### 3\_11, HEADPHONE CONNECTION.

Headphone reception may be had by connecting headphones to the PHONES jack located on the front panel of the transceiver. The headset cord should be fitted with a standard 1/4-inch phone plug to mate with the panel jack.

The speaker unit in the Model P-2000 Power Supply is disabled when headphones are plugged into the PHONES jack. High or low impedance headphones may be used. A station speaker with a voice coil impedance of 3 to 4 ohms may be connected to the transceiver through the PHONES jack, if desired. Connect the ground side of the speaker or headphones to the sleeve terminal of the phone plug.

# SECTION IV FUNCTIONS OF OPERATING CONTROLS

All controls utilized during normal operation of the Model SR-2000 Transceiver and P-2000 Power Supply are located on the front panel of each unit.

#### MODEL \$R-2000 CONTROLS

#### 4\_1. TUNING CONTROL.

The tuning control knob is located at mid panel just below the dial escutcheon. The control drives the VFO capacitor which is the frequency determining element of the transceiver. The frequency to which the unit is tuned is displayed in the left-hand window and in the window above the knob. Metering information is displayed in the right-hand window.

The frequency dial in the left-hand window has two calibrated scales. The black scale is calibrated from 0 to 500 KC and the red scale is calibrated from 500 to 1000 KC. The dial scales are color coded to the BAND SELECTOR calibrations which also display the first digits of the operating frequency to the left of the decimal point.

By rotating the tuning knob and watching the two dial displays you will observe that the knob scale divides the 100 KC increments of the main dial scale into one kilocycle increments.

The following examples will aid in developing the readout technique:

Set the BAND SELECTOR at 3.5 (Red), and set the tuning knob so that the red scale indicates 650 near the fiducial and the knob dial scale indexes at 55 with its fiducial. The frequency then reads out as 3.655 MC or 3655 KC.

Now set the BAND SELECTOR at 14, and leave the tuning knob set as before. The frequency now reads out at 14.155 MC or 14,155 KC since we are now using the black dial scale on this band. Basically, we obtain 14 MC from the BAND SELECTOR calibration and 155 KC, from the black dial and knob dial scales.

# 4-2. RIT CONTROL - ON/OFF.

The Receiver Incremental Tuning (RIT) control consists of two controls with concentric shafts. The ON/OFF function of the lever control either places the variable-element RIT control in or out of operation. This control, in the ON position, enables the operator to fine-tune the receiver plus or minus two KC by means of the RIT potentiometer (round knob) without disturbing the initial receiver or transmitter frequency. Returning the control to the OFF position again locks the receiver frequency to the transmitter frequency. RIT must be turned OFF to calibrate the dial or to operate the transmitter and receiver on a common frequency. The warning lamp to the right of the RIT control serves to call attention to the fact that the RIT control is in operation.

# 4\_3. RF \_ AF (Receiver).

The RF and AF gain controls located in the left-hand group, are two potentiometers mounted on concentric shafts. The RF gain control (lever knob) varies the gain of the receiver RF amplifier stage. Maximum receiver sensitivity is obtained with the bar knob set at 10 (fully clockwise).

The AF gain control (round knob) adjusts the audio output level from the speaker or headphones (PHONES jack). Clockwise rotation of the control increases the audio signal level applied to the first audio amplifier stage of the receiver audio amplifier stages.



Figure 7. Front Panel View of SR-2000 Transceiver.

#### 4-4. OPERATION.

The OPERATION control is a four-position switch used to select the method of transceive control.

In the OFF position, all power is disconnected from the transceiver.

In the REC (Receiver) position, the receiver portion of the transceiver is placed in operation and all circuits common to both receiver and transmitter are in the receive condition, while circuits used only in the transmit mode are either biased off or switched off by the control.

In the MOX position, when operating SSB, the receiver circuits remain in effect until the microphone (push-to-talk) button is pressed. Closing the microphone switch transfers the circuitry from receive to transmit mode through the bias and relay switching. Releasing the microphone button again restores receiver operation. When operating the transceiver as a CW station, the receiver circuits are disabled when the control is set at MOX and the transmitter circuits are then keyed for code transmission. Returning the operation control to REC restores receiver operation.

In the VOX position the receiver circuits continue to function until the transmitter circuitry is energized by voice for single sideband operation or by pressing the key for code transmission. In the absence of voice or keying, the transceiver is automatically returned to the receiver mode, hence this position is used for automatic or break-in phone and CW control.

# 4-5. FUNCTION.

The FUNCTION control is a four-position switch used to select the mode of transmission or reception. The control is set at CW for code transmission; at TUNE when tuning the transmitter for CW or SSB operation; and at either USB or LSB for single sideband operation depending upon which sideband is selected for voice communica-

### 4-6. NOISE BLANKER/OFF.

The NOISE BLANKER control is a potentiometer which varies the operating bias voltage applied to the noise amplifier stage in the receiver IF amplifier system. Rotating the control full counterclockwise disables the noise blanker operation and the receiver functions in a conventional manner without noise immunity.

When noise immunity is desired the NOISE BLANKER control is turned clockwise from its OFF position until the noise level drops to an acceptable signal to noise ratio.

#### 4-7. CAL. ADJ. (Dial Calibration Adjustment).

Dial calibration error of the tuning dial may be corrected by the CAL, ADJ, control. The dial calibration mark and the frequency of reception or transmission may be made to coincide with the use of this control adjustment and the 100 KC crystal marker oscillator (OFF/CAL switch).

# 4-8. OFF 'CAL (Calibrate Signal).

This is an ON/OFF switch used to turn on the 100 KC marker crystal oscillator when the operator wishes to check the dial calibration accuracy of the SR-2000 at the 100 KC points on the dial.

#### 4-9. BAND SELECTOR.

The BAND SELECTOR control is an eightposition rotary switch used to select the desired
operating frequency range. The panel markings
refer to the low frequency limit of that band in
megacycles. The switch positions in red indicate
that the reddial scale is to be used on these bands,
and the black dial scale is used for the remaining
bands.

#### 4-10. PRESELECTOR

The PRESELECTOR control drives a threesection variable capacitor which tunes both receiver and transmitter circuits to frequency within a given band. In the receive mode the receiver RF amplifier and first mixer stages are tuned to frequency, while in the transmit mode, the control tunes the transmitter second mixer and driver stages to frequency. The segmented dial scale provides for an initial setting when changing bands.

For general receiver tuning, the control is adjusted for maximum receiver sensitivity, however, for transceive operation the control is adjusted for maximum transmitter output during transmitter tune-up and left at this setting for the receive mode.

#### 4-11. RF - AF (Transmitter).

The RF and AF controls, located in the right-hand group, are two potentiometers mounted on concentric shafts. The RF level control (lever knob) varies the RF carrier level for CW operation or for tune-up purposes for both CW and SSB operation. Maximum CW output is obtained as the bar knob is turned clockwise toward 10 on the panel.

The AF gain control (round knob) adjusts the audio level to the balanced modulator stage from the microphone amplifier stages. Clockwise rotation of the control knob increases the microphone sensitivity and reaches maximum sensitivity at 10 on the panel.

#### 4-12. METER.

The METER control is a three-position switch used to select the metering information desired by the operator,

In the receive mode the first two switch positions provide "S" meter information about the received signal strength. At S-9 on the meter scale, the received signal level represents approximately 50 microvolts at the antenna terminals. The third switch position functions only in the transmit mode.

In the transmit mode the first switch position, marked RFO, provides an RF voltage measurement across the antenna terminals of the transmitter for tune-up purposes. Since the transmitter will always be tuned for maximum RF voltage, the meter calibration, as such, is relative and the operator may use the S-meter scale to keep track of normal output levels obtained for CW and SSB operation.

In the AALC switch position the meter monitors the amplified automatic level control voltage developed to control the final amplifier drive level for SSB operation. A meter deflection in this position indicates that the voice peaks are approaching the point of flat topping of the output signal. Excessive deflection during SSB transmission is normally corrected by backing off the setting of the microphone gain control until only an occasional pointer deflection is noted.

In the SCREEN MA position the meter indicates the screen current drawn by the final amplifier tubes while transmitting. In the receive mode the meter is disabled. For further information regarding the use of the screen current meter readings refer to Section V, Tuning Procedure.

#### 4-13. PLATE - LOAD (Final Tuning).

The PLATE and LOAD controls consist of separate variable air capacitors in the PI network circuitry of the final amplifier. They are driven through concentric shafts by two knobs, the larger of the two knobs drives the plate capacitor and the smaller knob drives the load capacitor. A 0 to 10 panel scale provides the operator with a logging scale for pre-setting the capacitors when changing bands. For more specific information on the use of these controls, refer to Section V, Tuning Procedure.



Figure 8. Front Panel View of P-2000 Power Supply.

# 4-14. BIAS ADJ.

The BIAS ADJ. control sets the operating bias required by the final amplifier tubes. It is a screwdriver type adjustment to avoid disturbing its setting unintentionally. Once set, high or low power operation may be selected without resetting the adjustment. The bias adjustment must be made when the transmitter is first placed in operation, and then only an occasional check and possible adjustment will be required thereafter.

# MODEL P-2000 CONTROLS.

#### 4-15. SSB HIGH POWER/SSB LOW POWER-CW-TUNE.

The operator has the option of using either of two plate supply voltages on the final amplifier tubes. With the switch set at SSB HIGH POWER the supply voltage will be 2700 VDC for maximum power input. With the switch set at SSB LOW POWER-CW-TUNE the supply voltage will be 1700 VDC for reduced power input. The final amplifier bias voltage is automatically changed as the switch is set, to maintain correct operating bias for either power level.

To avoid unintentionally tuning up with the highest voltage applied to the final tubes, the control circuits are so arranged that plate voltage can only be applied when the High Power/Low Power switch is in the SSB LOW POWER-CW-TUNE position. After applying plate voltage with the HIGH VOLTAGE-ON switch and tuning up, the higher power level may then be selected.

## 4-16. HIGH VOLTAGE ON/OFF SWITCHES.

The plate and screen circuits of the final amplifier tubes are not energized at the time the OPERATION switch is set at REC to apply power to the transceiver for receiver use.

A time delay relay, K303, in the power supply unit prevents application of plate and screen voltage to the final amplifier stage for a period of one to two minutes while the final amplifier tubes come up to operating temperature. Following the delay period, the plate current and plate voltage meter scales light up indicating a "ready" condition. The plate and screen voltage may now be applied by pressing the HIGH VOLTAGE-ON button, providing the High Power/Low Power switch is in the SSB LOW POWER-CW-TUNE position. The application of plate and screen voltage to the final amplifier stages is indicated by the red warning lamp. To remove the plate supply voltage, press the OFF button - the warning lamp goes out.

# SECTION V TUNING PROCEDURE

#### 5-1. GENERAL.

The operating procedure for the Model SR-2000 Transceiver is not complicated; however, normal care should be exercised when operating the gear to realize the true performance designed into the equipment. Before applying power to the equipment for the first time, it would be well to recheck the critical items of the installation.

- Is the line cord correctly wired for the supply voltage used?
- Is the station antenna system connected and is it compatible with the power capability and load impedance requirements of the transceiver?
- Are the interconnecting cables between the Model SR-2000 Transceiver and Model P-2000 Power Supply in place?
- Is the equipment bonded to a good electrical ground?

#### IMPORTANT

Before operating the transmitter portion of the transceiver, the bias adjustment control (BIAS ADJ), located on the transceiver panel, must be correctly set. Refer to the basic transmitter tune-up procedure (Paragraph 5-4, C) or to the bias adjustment procedure in SECTION VIII (Paragraph 8-3).

# 5-2. RECEIVER OPERATION.

The transmitter group of controls, not specifically mentioned below, have no direct bearing on receiver operation and may be disregarded for the moment.

A. Pre-set the Model SR-2000 panel controls as follows:

RIT CONTROL . . . . . . OFF

RF (Receiver group).... 10 (Full CW)

AF (Receiver group).... As required

OPERATION . . . . . . . . OFF

FUNCTION . . . . . . . . . USB or LSB as required

NOISE BLANKER: . . . . . OFF (Full CCW)

OFF/CAL .....OFF

BAND SELECTOR .... Desired band

 $\ensuremath{\mathsf{PRESELECTOR}}$  . . . . . . . . Set at band segment

in use

B. Connect the line cord plug to the power source outlet and set the OPERATION control at REC. The dial and meter faces on the transceiver will become illuminated and the blower for the final amplifier stage will start and run at low speed. Check to be sure the blower is operating, it must run at low speed when the heater power is applied to the final amplifier stage tubes. When the transceiver is switched from the receive to transmit mode, the blower speed will increase to provide maximum cooling.

After a one to two minute delay the meters in the Model P-2000 Power Supply will become illuminated indicating that the delay relay has closed. The high voltage may be applied anytime after the delay relay has closed.

Generally the high voltage is left off until transceiver operation is contemplated.

- C. Use of the PRESELECTOR Control As the receiver is tuned across the band an occasional readjustment of the PRESELECTOR control will be found necessary. Always adjust it for maximum "S" meter reading on signal or for maximum background noise without signals present. When the PRESELECTOR control has been set on frequency during transmitter tune-up, it must then be left at that setting for receive. The exact setting is more critical for transmitter operation than for the receiver mode.
- D. Use of the RF control Normally the RF (Receiver group) control is set at 10 or full clockwise to obtain full AGC (Automatic Gain Control) action for uniform speaker output while tuning in stations of varying signal strengths across the band. While AGC is customarily employed for SSB reception, it may also be used to advantage for CW code reception. The RF control must be set at its full clockwise position to obtain normal "S" meter operation, as you will notice that the "S" meter deflection falls off on signal as the RF control is backed off from its maximum setting.

Manual control of the receiver sensitivity, at times, is desirable and the operator may set the RF control as required for these occasions.

E. Tuning with the RIT Control - There are contacts wherein the operator finds it advantageous to be able to tune his receiver a few kilocycles either side of the operating frequency without disturbing his own transmitter frequency. The Model SR-2000 transceiver has the capability to do just that. To tune the receiver a few kilocycles (2 to 3 KC) either side of the operating frequency without disturbing the transmitter frequency, switch the RIT control ON (lever knob) and then tune the receiver with the RIT (knob) control. The transmitter will remain set at the dial frequency. Turning the RIT knob clockwise increases the receiver frequency. Switching the RIT control OFF returns the receiver to the dial frequency.

One word of caution. Don't leave the receiver in the RIT position when true transceive operation is desired, since it would be a matter of chance if the two modes happened to be operating on the same frequency. The warning lamp serves to call attention to the fact that the RIT control is active.

F. How to use the NOISE BLANKER Control - Receiving conditions disrupted by severe impulse type noise may be improved measureably with the use of the NOISE BLANKER control. As with all noise silencers, the situation can generally be improved but not cured. When severe impulse noise (ignition, electrical appliances, etc.) is encountered, turn the NOISE BLANKER control clockwise until the noise level drops. The control is a noise amplifier stage gain adjustment and must be set on a threshold basis, that is, at the point where the noise pulses appear to be canceled. An increase in gain setting beyond this point will not improve the signal to noise ratio, but can introduce undesirable side effects such as cross modulation products resulting in spurious signal reception.

 $\qquad \qquad \text{The noise blanker works equally well} \\ \text{for SSB or CW code reception.}$ 

#### 5-3. DIAL CALIBRATION.

A. Preset the Model SR-2000 panel controls as follows:

RIT CONTROL ..... OFF

RF (Receiver group).... 10 (Full CW)

AF (Receiver group).... As required

OPERATION . . , . . . . . . REC

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FUNCTION . . . . . . . . . USB or LSB as required

NOISE BLANKER.... OFF (Full CCW)

OFF/CAL......CAL

BAND SELECTOR .... Desired band

PRESELECTOR ...... Tune for maximum "S" meter deflection

METER ..... RFO/S

B. To calibrate the dial for average accuracy over the entire band, set the dial to the highest 100 KC point on the band (4000 KC on 80M, 7500 KC on 40M, etc.) and use the LSB FUNCTION control position while calibrating.

For better than average dial calibration accuracy, set the dial at the 100 KC point on the dial nearest the desired frequency and leave the FUNCTION control set for the sideband in use.

In either case the knob dial scale will read zero when correctly set to the 100 KC point on the main dial.

- C. Adjust the CAL ADJ control for zero beat. It may be necessary to advance the AF control setting to recover sufficient audio near zero beat. The RIT CONTROL must be set at OFF when calibrating the dial.
- D. After calibrating the dial, shut the calibrator off. Operation of the Model SR-2000 with the calibrator turned on is not recommended. Switch it on for dial calibration checks only.

#### 5-4. BASIC TRANSMITTER TUNE-UP.

The transmitter portion of the transceiver is always tuned with the High Power/Low Power switch in the SSB LOW POWER-CW-TUNE switch position on the Model P-2000 Power Supply. The receiver group of controls, not specifically mentioned below, have no direct bearing on the transmitter tune-up procedure and may be disregarded for the moment.

A. Preset the panel controls for transmitter tune-up as follows:

OPERATION . . . . . . . REC

FUNCTION . . . . . . . . . TUNE

BAND SELECTOR .... Desired band

PRESELECTOR..... Set at band segment

in use

Tuning Dial...... Set to desired frequency

METER ..... RFO/S

RF (Transmitter).... At zero (Full CCW)

AF (Transmitter).... At zero (Full CCW)

PLATE (Final Tune
Capacitor).... (Nominal chart setting)

LOAD (Final Loading
Capacitor).... (Nominal chart

 $\label{eq:setting} \textbf{H}_1 gh \ \mbox{Power/Low Power.} \ . \ . \ \mbox{SSB LOW POWER-}$ 

CW-TUNE

HIGH VOLTAGE ..... OFF (Red indicator not illuminated)

B. Press the HIGH VOLTAGE ON button. The PLATE VOLTS meter indicates approximately 1700 VDC. The red HIGH VOLTAGE warning indicator lights. If the high voltage does not come on, check the High Power/Low Power switch setting, it must be set at SSB LOW POWER-CW-TUNE to activate the high voltage supply. The transceiver must be turned on for a period of 1-1/2 to 2 minutes before the delay relay will permit the application of high voltage to the final amplifier stage.

C. Set OPERATION control at MOX. PLATE CURRENT meter indicates 0.2 ampere (200 milliamperes) RFO meter indicates zero output. The blower speed increases.

#### NOTE

Should the PLATE CURRENT meter indicate other than 0.2 ampere and the RFO meter indicate zero, set the BIAS ADJ. control (screwdriver adjustment) for 0.2 ampere idle plate current. If the RFO meter indicates output, the plate current would be more than 0.2 ampere — check to see that the RF control setting is fully CCW (zero).

D. Watch the RFO meter and turn the RF control (transmitter group) clockwise slowly until the RFO meter indicates a low output level, say S-3 to S-5 on the "S" meter scale. Adjust the PLATE control first and then the PRESELECTOR control for maximum RFO meter reading. Turn the RF control counterclockwise, if the RFO meter indicates above S-7 while tuning. The driver and final amplifier stages are now resonated, but the final amplifier stage still requires a loading adjustment.

#### PLATE AND LOAD CONTROL SETTINGS FOR 50-OHM LOAD

	PLATE		LOAD	
FREQUENCY	NOMINAL	ACTUAL	NOMINAL	ACTUAL
3.5 MC	1		3	
3.75 MC	3-1/2		4	
4.0 MC	5		5-1/2	
7.0 MC	7		3-1/4	
14.0 MC	5		5	
14.35 MC	5-1/2		5-1/4	
21.0 MC	7		4-1/4	
21.45 MC	7-1/4		4-1/2	
28.0 MC	8-1/2		5	
29.7 MC	9		5-1/2	

The data above are based on average Model SR-2000 PLATE and LOAD control settings when operated into a purely resistive 50-ohm load. These settings will, of course, vary with the loading variations presented by your installation and it is suggested that you note in the appropriate column the final control settings required for use with your antenna to facilitate a rapid initial adjustment when changing bands or frequency within the band.

- E. Set the METER switch at SCREENMA. Watch the SCREEN current meter and the PLATE CURRENT meter and slowly turn the RF control clockwise until either the plate current reaches 0.4 to 0.5 ampere or the screen current rises to 10 to 20 MA. Turn the RF control counterclockwise to zero and consider the loading adjustment required as follows:
- 1. Loading too light If the screen current reached 10 to 20 MA, with the plate current lagging behind or even refusing to rise to 0.4 or 0.5 ampere the loading is too light and the LOAD control must be turned clockwise to increase the coupling or loading on the final amplifier stage.
- 2. Loading too heavy If the plate current reached 0.4 ampere to 0.5 ampere and the screen current either reversed or failed to rise to 10 to 20 MA., the loading is too heavy. To correct this condition, turn the LOAD control counterclockwise to reduce the loading.
- 3. Loading normal When the plate current rises to 0.4 ampere or 0.5 ampere and the screen current rises to 10 to 20 MA. as a maximum as the RF control is turned fully clockwise, the loading is considered normal. At full clockwise rotation the screen current will fall back a few milliamperes indicating an overdriven condition.
- F. Each time the LOAD control setting is changed, the PLATE control must be retuned to resonance. The screen current may be used to indicate plate circuit resonance as well as proper loading, since you will notice that the screen current passes through a maximum exactly as the RFO voltmeter goes through maximum when the PLATE control is tuned for resonance.

The exact LOAD control setting may now be determined as follows: Advance the RF control until the plate current reaches 0.4 to 0.5 ampere or the screen current reaches 10 to 20 MA. If the screen current remains at zeroor reverses, turn the LOAD control counterclockwise a small amount to reduce the loading so that screen current, less than 15 milliamperes, will flow. Peak the screen current with the PLATE control to reresonate the final stage. Continue to advance the RF control setting while holding the screen current to less than 20 MA. with a LOAD control adjustment and re-resonate the final stage each time with the PLATE control. When correct loading is obtained, the RF control may be rotated through its entire range and the screen current will rise to 10 to 20 MA. and possibly fall back a few milliamperes when the RF control is fully clockwise and in the over-driven condition.

G. As the operating frequency is changed within the band, retune the transmitter with the PRESELECTOR and PLATE controls for maximum RFO voltage or screen current to keep the driver stage and final amplifier stage plate circuits at resonance. When a major change in frequency is required which may effect the final amplifier loading, the load check and possible LOAD control adjustment should be made. Some idea of the variation in LOAD control setting with frequency within a given band may be obtained from the nominal settings shown in the tuning chart.

H. Set the OPERATION control at REC to restore receiver operation. When the use of the transmitter is not immediately required, disable the high voltage by pressing the HIGH VOLTAGE OFF button — the red warning lampwill go out.

#### 5-5. CW OPERATION.

A. Before switching the OPERATION control from REC to MOX, check to see that the following controls are correctly set for CW operation:

••
High Power/Low PowerSSB LOW POWER-CW-TUNE
HIGH VOLTAGE Lamp is lit (ON button has been pressed)
FUNCTION TUNE
METER SCREEN MA
RF (Transmitter) Zero (Full CCW)
AF (Transmitter) Zero (Full CCW)
PLATE Adjusted per paragraph 5-4

LOAD	 	Adjusted per
		paragraph 5-4

PRESELECTOR..... Adjusted per

paragraph 5-4

BAND SELECTOR . . . . . Desired band

Tuning Dial Set to desired

Tuning Dial...... Set to desired frequency

The plate voltage meter indicates 1.7 KV (1700 VDC).

- B. Assuming that the transmitter has been properly loaded and tuned to frequency as described in the basic transmitter tune-up procedure, switch the OPERATION control from REC to MOX. The plate current meter indicates 0.2 ampere. Advance the RF control (transmitter group) until the screen current reaches maximum. If the screen current is 10 to 20 MA, and the plate current meter indicates 0.4 amperes to 0.5 amperes the loading is correct. Make one final adjustment of the PLATE control and PRESELECTOR control for maximum screen current to be sure the transmitter is in tune. Make this a habit it saves tubes and puts a cleaner signal on the air.
- C. Leave the RF control set and switch the FUNCTION control to CW. The transmitter output will drop to zero, providing the keyer circuit is open. Press the key. The screen current should be 10 to 20 MA, and the plate current should run between 0.4 ampere and 0.5 ampere. While transmitting the screen current may be monitored or if an "S" meter reading is desired while in the receive mode, the METER switch may be set at RFO/S. The maximum RFO voltage and maximum screen current occur at the same settings of the PLATE and PRESELECTOR controls for tune-up purposes.
- D. Return the transceiver to the receive mode by switching the OPERATION control back to REC. This is your manual control over the transmit-receive function. If automatic control is desired, set the OPERATION control at VOX. The receiver will continue to operate until the key is closed. Open the key and observe the delay before the receiver is again active. This delay may be set as desired with the DELAY control, located under the cabinet cover. (See Figure 15.) The delay period increases as the DELAY control is turned clockwise.
- E. The Model SR-2000 Transceiver also provides a CW side-tone signal through the speaker or headphone output, which is keyed along with the transmitter, for monitoring purposes. The level may be varied as desired with the SIDE TONE control located under the cabinet cover. See Figure 15.

#### 5-6. PUSH-TO-TALK SSB OPERATION.

A. Before switching the OPERATION control from REC to MOX, check to see that the following controls are correctly set for SSB operation.

High Power/Low Power. . . SSB LOW POWER-CW-TUNE

HIGH VOLTAGE ..... Lamp is lit (ON button has been pressed)

FUNCTION TUNE
METER SCREEN MA
RF (Transmitter) Zero (Full CCW)
AF (Transmitter) Zero (Full CCW)
PLATE Adjusted per paragraph 5-4
LOAD Adjusted per paragraph 5-4
PRESELECTOR Adjusted per paragraph 5-4
BAND SELECTOR Desired band
Tuning Dial Set to desired frequency

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CT-+37-

The plate voltage meter indicates 1.7 KV (1700 VDC).

- B. Assuming that the transmitter has been properly loaded and tuned to frequency as described in the basic transmitter tune-up procedure, switch the OPERATION control from REC to MOX. The plate current meter indicates 0.2 ampere. Advance the RF control (transmitter group) until the screen current reaches maximum. If the screen current is 10 to 20 MA, and the plate current meter indicates between 0.4 and 0.5 ampere the loading is correct. Make one final adjustment of the PLATE control and PRESELECTOR control for maximum screen current to be sure the transmitter is in tune, Make this a habit it saves tubes and puts a cleaner signal on the air, Return the RF control to zero (full CCW).
- C. Switch the FUNCTION control to either USB or LSB depending upon the sideband to be used for transmission and reception. The plate current meter now indicates zero and the receiver is back in operation.
- D. Switch the METER control to the AALC position. Press the microphone push-to-talk button. The plate current meter now indicates 0,2 ampere. Speak into the microphone at a normal voice level and advance the AF control (transmitter group) until the meter pointer on the transceiver panel begins to kick up to approximately S-3 to S-5 on voice peaks. This is the correct working level. Use this meter

switch position when operating SSB to monitor the SSB transmissions. The microphone gain control setting will be found to be less critical because of the compression action of the AALC circuitry; however, the actual control setting still depends upon the type of microphone, the operator's voice characteristics, and his operating habits. Sufficient microphone gain has been built into the Model SR-2000 Transceiver to handle the usual range of levels associated with communications type microphones.

- E. Release the microphone switch button. The transceiver returns to the receive function and the plate current drops to zero. The meter on the transceiver now monitors the strength of the incoming signals in the usual "S" units of measurement; S-9 represents approximately a 50-microvolt signal.
- F. HIGH POWER SSB OPERATION. When operating single sideband, two power input levels are available. The tune-up and low power sideband operation are carried out with the High Power/ Low Power switch on the Model P-2000 Power Supply set at SSB LOW POWER-CW-TUNE (1700 VDC supply voltage). When operating with single sideband phone transmissions the operator may use the SSB HIGH POWER position (2700 VDC supply voltage), after he has determined that the low power operation is performing to his satisfaction. Do not tune-up or transmit continuous carrier signals (CW) in the SSB HIGH POWER switch position. There are no final amplifier loading tests or adjustments required when switching from low power to high power operation. The only change in control setting that may be required is an increase in the AF control setting to accommodate the higher plate voltage. Again adjust for the AALC meter deflection on voice peaks. Always switch to SSB LOW POWER-CW-TUNE to make any tuning adjustments.

#### 5-7. VOICE CONTROLLED SSB OPERATION.

The operating procedures outlined for basic transmitter tune-up (paragraph 5-4) and push-to-talk sideband operation (paragraph 5-6) also apply for voice controlled single sideband operation. The following adjustments, therefore, are intended to apply only to the adjustment of the VOX control system.

To avoid unintentional transmission while adjusting the VOX system controls, set the AF (transmitter group) control at zero (Full CCW) and press the HIGH VOLTAGE OFF button to disable the final amplifier plate supply.

- A. Turn the four transceiver cabinet cover screws 1/4 turn to loosen the fasteners and lift the top cover clear to gain access to the VOX controls.
- B. Initially set the VOX, DELAY and ANTITRIP controls fully counterclockwise.
- C. Set the OPERATION control at VOX and the FUNCTION control at either the USB or LSB position.
- D. Turn the VOX control clockwise, while talking into the microphone, until the VOX control relay closes on the first syllable of speech. The transceiver will transfer from receive mode to transmit mode when the relay closes. Use just enough VOX gain to accomplish the desired results, too much gain will make the system over sensitive to speaker feedback and too little sensitivity will place a relatively high signal level at the antenna change-over relay contacts at the time it switches over to transmit.
- E. Adjust the DELAY control for the desired drop-out delay. The delay period increases as the DELAY control is turned clockwise. The delay period should be long enough to prevent change-over between words but not long enough to miss the other operator's quick reply.
- F. Set the receiver AF control for the desired listening level and advance the ANTITRIP control (clockwise) until the received signals do not actuate the VOX control relay. Excessive anti-trip gain or a major increase in the established listening level may lock out the voice control system.
- G. With the VOX controls adjusted, either method of control may be selected by setting the OPERATION control at MOX for manual control or at VOX for voice control. To place the transmitter in operation, restore the high voltage and reset the transmitter AF gain control watching the AALC metering as you speak into the microphone.
- H. Replace the cabinet cover and turn the screws 1/4 turn clockwise to lock the cover in place.

#### NOTE

Some microphones, equipped for pushto-talk control, have shorting contacts in the switch to disable the microphone element when the push button is released. VOX operation will not be feasible unless this circuitry is disconnected within the microphone.

# SECTION VI THEORY OF OPERATION

#### 6-1. GENERAL.

The Model SR-2000 Transceiver consists of a double conversion receiver and double conversion transmitter. To achieve true on frequency transceiver operation, the VFO, heterodyne crystal oscillator, and carrier frequency oscillators all contribute to the transmit and receive functions. In addition, the  $6.0-6.5\,\mathrm{MC\,IF}$  amplifier and  $1650\,\mathrm{KC\,IF}$  amplifier stage associated with the crystal lattice filter all function for both modes.

Circuitry that would be compromised, performance wise, to accomplish common usage between the transmit and receive function is avoided in the design of the Model SR-2000 Transceiver.

Refer to figure 9 for the block diagram of the system and to figures 21 and 22 for schematic details.

#### 6-2. RECEIVER SECTION.

The signal (f1) at the antenna connector is fed to the receiver RF amplifier stage (V1) through the antenna change-over relay (K1) located in the transmitter final amplifier section. The signal is amplified and passed on to the first receiver mixer (V2A), where it is heterodyned to frequency (f2) which is the difference between the heterodyne crystal oscillator (V12) frequency (X1) and the signal frequency (f1). The resulting variable IF signal (f2) falls between 6.0 MC and 6.5 MC. The RF amplifier and first receiver mixer tuned circuits are selected by the BAND SELECTOR switch and tuned by the PRESELECTOR control capacitor.

The variable IF signal (f2) is amplified by a broad band IF amplifier (V3A) and then heterodyned to the second IF frequency of 1650 KC (f3) by mixing with the VFO (variable frequency oscillator) (V13 and V4B) in the second receiver mixer (V4A).

With the NOISE BLANKER control set at OFF, the second IF signal (f3) is amplified by the first 1650 KC IF amplifier and blanker stage (V6) in a conventional manner. When the NOISE BLANKER control is adjusted for maximum noise rejection, the noise amplifier stage (V5A) samples and amplifies the 6.0 to 6.5 MC noise and signal (f2). The signal and noise pulses in this path are then detected and shaped into

positive going pulses with diode CR7. The detected signal, which is now predominantly noise pulses, is amplified by the pulse amplifier stage (V5B). The negative going pulses are then fed to grid No. 3 of the pentagrid type first 1650 KC IF amplifier and blanker tube (V6) with diode CR6 acting as a steering diode to prevent positive pulses from reaching grid No. 3. Pulse modulation of the IF amplifier and blanker stage, momentarily interrupts the second IF signal (f3) during noise bursts with no apparent discontinuity of reception because of the relatively short pulse duration.

The 1650 KC IF signal (f3) now passes through the crystal lattice filter (FL1) to further reject the unwanted signals on either side of the desired signal and is again amplified by the second 1650 KC IF amplifier (V7A). At this stage the signal path is split, one path feeds the signal to the product detector (V9A), the other path feeds the signal to the AGC amplifier stage (V8A).

The product detector stage (V9A) heterodynes the 1650 KC signal (f3) with one of the two carrier oscillator frequencies (X3) to shift the signal frequency to the audio frequency range. The choice of carrier oscillator frequency (X3) determines whether the upper sideband or lower sideband group of frequencies are detected, since the crystal lattice filter response relative to the carrier frequency (X3) causes the unwanted sideband group of frequencies in each case to be rejected before reaching the product detector.

Normally, shifting the carrier oscillator frequency (X3) to obtain upper and lower sideband reception would also entail shifting the receiver dial setting to receive the opposite sideband of a signal frequency (f1) at the antenna input.

The Model SR-2000 system shifts the VFO frequency (X2) electrically with varicap CR13 when the 1651.550 KC carrier oscillator frequency is switched on for upper sideband reception (or transmission). Shifting the VFO frequency by an amount equal to the difference between the two carrier oscillator frequencies (X3), or 3 KC, the received suppressed carrier frequency (f1) is received at the same dial setting for both upper and lower sidebands.

The 1650 KC IF signal (f3) fed to the AGC amplifier stage (V8A) is amplified and detected to supply the negative DC bias voltage (AGC) used

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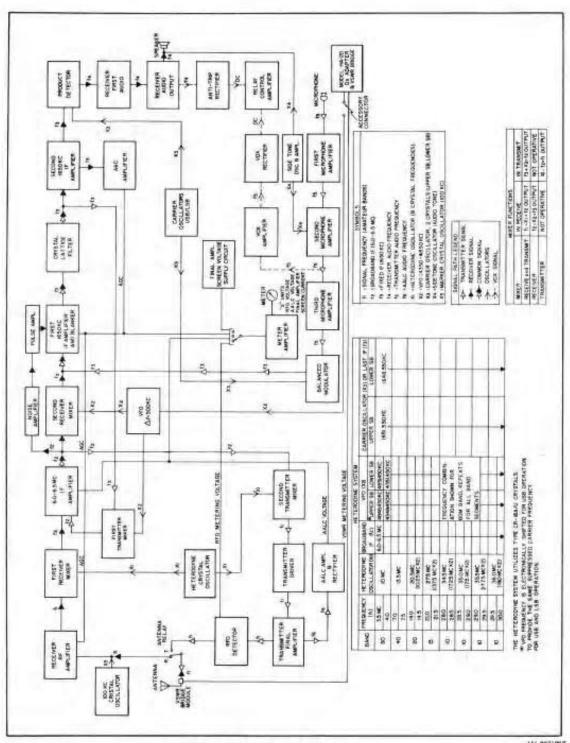


Figure 9. Block Diagram of Transceiver.

to control the gain of the receiver RF amplifier stage (V1) and first 1650 KC IF amplifier and blanker stage (V6). The signal level at which gain control takes effect is controlled by the AGC THRESHOLD control R46.

The detected audio frequency signal amplitude is controlled by the AF gain control, R4B, and amplified to speaker level by the first audio amplifier stage (V9B) and audio output stage (V15). Two audio output impedances are available for external use; 500 ohms at the phono jack at the rear apron or 3.2 ohms at the PHONES jack on the front panel.

#### 6-3. TRANSMITTER SECTION

The audio frequency signal (f5) generated by the microphone is amplified with a three stage audio amplifier (V19A, V19B and V14B). The audio frequency signal (f5) then modulates the selected (USB/LSB) carrier oscillator signal (X3) in the balanced modulator stage (CR19 and CR20) to produce a double sideband suppressed carrier signal (f3) near 1650 KC. The double sideband signal (f3) is then amplified by the first 1650 KC IF amplifier and blanker stage (V6) with the blanker system disabled during the transmit function.

The unwanted sideband of the double sideband signal is attenuated by more than 50 DB as the signal passes through the crystal lattice filter (FLI) and a single sideband suppressed carrier signal results. The signal is blocked for the transmit function at the second 1650 KCIF amplifier stage (V7A) with bias voltage switching and the signal proceeds on to the first transmitter mixer stage (V2B).

At the first transmitter mixer stage the signal (f3) is heterodyned with the VFO carrier frequency (X2) to produce a signal frequency (f2) in the 6.0 to 6.5 MC frequency range. The signal frequency filters through the bandpass circuits of the 6.0 - 6.5 MC IF amplifier (V3A) and on to the second transmitter mixer (V11A) because in the transmit mode it is blocked at the second receiver mixer (V4A).

The intermediate frequency signal (f2) is again heterodyned with the heterodyne crystal oscillator frequency (XI) to produce the final transmitter output signal frequency (f1). The signal at output frequency (f1) is amplified by the transmitter driver stage (V18) and final amplifier stage (V16 and V17) to the desired power level.

The output signal is fed through the PI network in the final stage to transform its impedance to the antenna transmission line impedance (50 ohms nominal), and from the output of the PI network it is conducted through the antenna change-over relay (K1) to the common antenna connector.

#### 6-4. RIT CONTROL.

Receiver Incremental Tuning is applied at the VFO stage since this stage is one of the three frequency determining elements in the system for both the transmit and receive function.

The varicap (CR13) in the VFO stage is a solid state device whose effective capacity varies with the DC bias potential applied across its terminals. By carefully regulating the bias supply potential with the zener diode (CR14) to obtain frequency stability, the VFO frequency may be varied a small amount with a potentiometer type control.

For normal operation as a transceiver system, the CAL ADJ. potentiometer (R90) is used to set the VFO frequency as a dial calibration control. When Receiver Incremental Tuning (RIT) is desired, the VFO frequency is controlled by setting the varicap bias with the RIT panel control (R91). The varicap bias voltage is switched by the VOX relay (K2) so that the CAL ADJ. potentiometer (dial calibration) sets the VFO frequency when transmitting, regardless of the RIT ON/OFF panel switch (S7) setting. This, of course, keeps the transmitter at the dial frequency and allows independent tuning of the receiver for a few kilocycles either side of the dial frequency when desired.

# 6-5. METERING.

The transceiver circuits are metered by three meters, one multipurpose meter in the Model SR-2000 unit and two meters in the Model P-2000 Power Supply unit. The two meters in the power supply unit monitor the final amplifier plate voltage (0-5 kilovolts DC) and the plate current (0-1 Ampere). The meters are connected into their respective circuits at a low potential point to avoid an operational shock hazard.

The multipurpose meter (M1) in the Model SR-2000 Transceiver unit has a three-position selector switch (S2) which provides for metering the system as follows:

In positions No. 1 and No. 2 the meter is connected into a bridge circuit with the meter amplifier tube (V6B) forming one arm of the bridge and the METER ZERO control R120 providing the meter zero adjustment arm for bridge balance.

When the transceiver is in the receive mode, the AGC voltage developed on signal is fed to the meter amplifier tube grid to unbalance the bridge and provide a log scale deflection for metering antenna signal levels. The meter is calibrated in the customary "S" units up to S-9 and in DB over S-9 with S-9 representing approximately 50 microvolts at the antenna terminals.

When the transceiver is in the transmit mode, switch position No. 1 connects the meter amplifier tube grid to the diode detector (CR16) circuit in the output of the final amplifier stage which rectifies a portion of the RF voltage developed across the antenna transmission line. (Diode CR17 in this circuit is a directional gate to keep the resistor R103 from loading the AGC buss.) The meter scale is not calibrated in volts RMS for this application since the tune-up procedure requires only that the operator know when he has obtained maximum RF voltage across the antenna terminals.

When the transceiver is in the transmit mode, switch position No. 2 connects the meter amplifier tube grid to the AALC control grid voltage buss. The meter then measures the AALC grid voltage developed when the final amplifier stage is driven into the grid current levels during SSB operation. No calibrated meter scale is required to monitor the AALC action since the meter deflection obtained is used only to indicate the presence and not the value of grid current on voice peaks.

In switch position No. 3 the meter circuit is active only in the transmit mode. The switch has now taken the meter out of the bridge circuit and connected it to the final amplifier screen voltage supply to meter the screen grid current in a conventional meter shunt type circuit. Resistor R118 in the transceiver unit and resistor R318 in the power supply unit form the shunt resistor complement with the metering taking place in the ground return side of the screen voltage supply. The meter scale carries a 0-25 milliampere calibration to monitor the screen current drawn by the final amplifier tubes.

# 6-6. AALC SYSTEM.

The Amplified Automatic Level Control circuits are in effect only in the transmit mode. To properly employ the peak power capability of the linear power amplifier, the stage must be driven up to and slightly into the control grid current region and yet not over-driven into unwanted distortion known as "flat-topping" the envelope.

AALC action goes into effect when transmitting single sideband signals at peak levels where control grid current begins to flow in the final amplifier tubes (V16 and V17). The grid current pulses generate a small signal voltage across the resistance in the bias supply BIAS ADJ. control (R114). The signal voltage is amplified to usable levels by the AALC amplifier tube (V3B) and then rectified by diodes CR4 and CR5 to become a varying DC bias voltage. The

bias voltage is then fed to the  $6.0-6.5\,\mathrm{MC}$  IF amplifier stage (V3A) grid to reduce the stage gain as the AALC bias voltage increases. The control voltage is also fed to the meter amplifier tube (V8B) grid to actuate the meter as a warning device. (METER switch set at AALC.) The "AVC" action on the IF amplifier stage makes the transition from desired drive level to over-driven less critical and a smoother more powerful signal results.

#### 6-7. VOX CONTROL.

The Model SR-2000 Transceiver features automatic control of the receive-transmit changeover function for either SSB phone or CW code operation. For either mode of operation, automatic control is placed in operation when the OPERA-TION control is set at VOX. When operating SSB the change-over from receive to transmit starts with the first syllable spoken into the microphone. The audio signal (f5) is amplified by the first and second microphone amplifier stages (V19A and V19B) and the VOX amplifier stage (V20A). The amplified audio signal (f5), with its gain adjusted by the VOX control (R150), is then rectified with diodes CR21 and CR22. The positive DC control voltage developed is applied to the grid of the relay amplifier stage (V20B) to actuate the VOX control relay K2 placing the transmitter on the air.

The diode load resistors R154 and R155 (DELAY control) and the storage capacitor C210 determine the drop-out time or delay available to keep the transmitter active between the spoken words by sustaining the positive DC control voltage supplied to the relay tube grid.

The sound from the receiver's speaker that reaches the microphone would normally trigger the VOX relay when it wasn't wanted. To avoid this condition, a sample of the receiver audio (f4) is taken from the plate of the receiver audio output tube (V15) and rectified with diode CR15 to develop a negative DC anti-trip voltage.

This potential when adjusted for correct amplitude by the ANTI-TRIP control (R93) and fed to the grid of the relay tube (V20B) cancels the positive DC control voltage generated by the VOX diodes in the microphone amplifier stages. As a result the relay does not close when the microphone picks up sound from the speaker. When the operator adds his voice to the system, however, the positive DC control voltage developed by the VOX amplifier diodes increases and exceeds the established anti-trip potential and the relay closes as desired.

When operating with keyed CW, the changeover from receive to transmit starts with the closing of the key. The keying system operates on the blocked-grid keying principle, therefore when the key is closed, several stages in the transmitter are keyed ON simultaneously; namely, the transmitter driver stage (V18), the second transmitter mixer stage (V11) and the sidetone amplifier stage (V7B). The keyed sidetone signal (X4) is fed into the second microphone amplifier stage (V19B) as well as the speaker, through the output transformer (T5), for sidetone monitoring purposes. The sidetone signal fed to the second microphone amplifier stage (V19B) passes through the VOX amplifier and rectifier circuits to actuate the VOX control relay (K2) in the same manner as for SSB VOX control. The anti-trip circuit is disabled by the OPERATION switch (S4A) in the CW position since its function is not required for CW operation.

The VOX delay circuits, for CW operation, hold the transmitter in the active state between short breaks during CW keying but will release the control relay for receiver operation at the end of transmission. The delay period for CW control is adjusted, as for SSB, by the DELAY control (R155).

# SECTION VII SERVICE DATA

#### WARNING

LETHAL VOLTAGES ARE PRESENT IN THE MODEL SR-2000 AND MODEL P-2000 UNITS. NEVERDEFEAT THE SAFETY INTERLOCKS OR WORK INSIDE THE CABINETS WITH PRIMARY POWER CONNECTED.

#### 7-1. COVER AND CHASSIS REMOVAL.

# A. Top Cover Romoval,

Loosen the four top-cover screws 1/4 turn only and lift cover clear. To replace the cabinet cover, line up the plastic nuts with the cabinet slots, seat the cover and tighten the cover screws 1/4 turn only. The plastic nuts can be damaged by over tightening.

# B. Bottom Cover Removal.

Remove the four bottom cover screws located near the cabinet feet and remove the cover. Should the mounting screws be misplaced, use 6-32 x 3/16 inch replacement screws. Screws longer than 3/16 inch will bottom against the chassis before securing the bottom cover.

#### C. Chassis Removal.

Disconnect all rear chassis cables. Remove both top and bottom cabinet covers. Remove the four cabinet screws at the bottom of the cabinet, near the corners of the chassis, and carefully slide the chassis and panel assembly out the front of the cabinet.

#### 7-2. TUBE AND DIAL LAMP REPLACEMENT.

Access to all tubes, except the two final amplifier tubes, may be had by removing the top cabinet cover. Refer to paragraph 7-1A.

To service the dial lamps, the panel and chassis assembly must also be released from the cabinet and shifted forward far enough to expose the dial lamp assemblies. Remove the four cabinet screws at the bottom of the cabinet, in the corners of the chassis, to release the chassis assembly.

#### 7-3. FINAL AMPLIFIER TUBE REPLACEMENT.

Access to the final amplifier tubes may be had by removing the top cabinet cover (paragraph 7-1A) and removing the final amplifier compartment cover, held in place by five screws. Note that the rear edge of the compartment cover is clipped to the rear lip of the chassis structure. When replacing the cover, be sure to engage the clip properly and line up the interlock stud on the cover with the interlock plunger before replacing the mounting screws.

The power tubes may be lifted straight up out of their sockets after disengaging the plate clips and moving the parasitic suppressors to one side. The tube chimneys need not be disturbed. Do not disturb the neutralizing tab near the plate of tube VI7.

#### **CAUTION**

BE EXTREMELY CAREFUL WHEN REMOVING OR INSERTING THE TYPE 8122 POWER TUBES. CAREFULLY ALIGN THE BASE AND SOCKET KEYING AND INSERT THE TUBES GENTLY INTO THE SOCKETS. MAKE SURE THE TUBES ARE PROPERLY SEATED AND THE PLATE CAPS ARE RECONNECTED SECURELY.

#### 7-4. PLATE CONTROL RESTRINGING PROCEDURE.

Remove the cabinet top cover (paragraph 7-1A) and final amplifier compartment cover (five screws), to gain access to the PLATE control drive mechanism. Note that the rear edge of the compartment cover is clipped to the rear lip of the chassis structure. When replacing the cover, be sure to engage the clip properly and line up the interlock stud on the cover with the interlock plunger before replacing the mounting screws.

Restring the plate capacitor drive system with 50 pound test dacron cord or equivalent, following the arrow and letter sequence in figure 10. Maintain a spring expansion of approximately 1/2-inch on the dial cord spring.

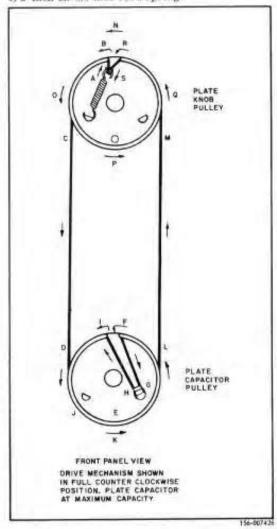


Figure 10. Plate Control Restringing Diagram.

After completing the stringing operation, rotate the PLATE control knob counterclockwise until the plate tuning capacitor is completely meshed (maximum capacity) and, if necessary, loosen the knob set screw and re-index the knob at 1 on the panel calibration scale.

#### 7-5. TROUBLESHOOTING.

In the design of this transceiver, full consideration was given to keep maintenance problems at an absolute minimum. As in all well designed electronic equipment, maintenance and repair problems are generally confined to the checking and replacement of tubes and semiconductor devices which may become defective. Malfunctions of this nature are usually easily isolated and corrected. However, it is entirely possible that a more obscure malfunction may arise. In this event, only thoroughly trained technical personnel should attempt to service equipment of this complexity.

A recommended aid to troubleshooting the Model SR-2000 Transceiver is a general coverage receiver which can be used to provide a quick check on the various oscillator circuits within the SR-2000. A lead connected to the antenna of this receiver, when placed in the proximity of the oscillator tube in the circuit to be checked, can determine the presence or absence of signal from the stage in question.

If a malfunction occurs when operating on one particular band and/or mode of operation, the unit should be checked on all other bands and in all other modes of operation to isolate the difficulty. A careful study of the block diagram (figure 9) will give a quick clue as to which tubes should be checked. The voltage and resistance charts (figures 11 and 12) and schematic diagrams (figures 21 and 22) will also aid in isolating and correcting a malfunction.

# 7-6. SERVICE AND OPERATING QUESTIONS.

For further information regarding operation or servicing of the Model SR-2000 Transceiver, contact the dealer from whom the unit was purchased. The Hallicrafters Company maintains an extensive system of Authorized Service Centers where any required service will be performed promptly and efficiently at no charge if this equipment is delivered to the service center within 90 days from date of purchase by the original buyer and the defect falls within the terms of the warranty. It is necessary to present the bill of sale in order to establish warranty status. After the expiration of the warranty, repairs will be

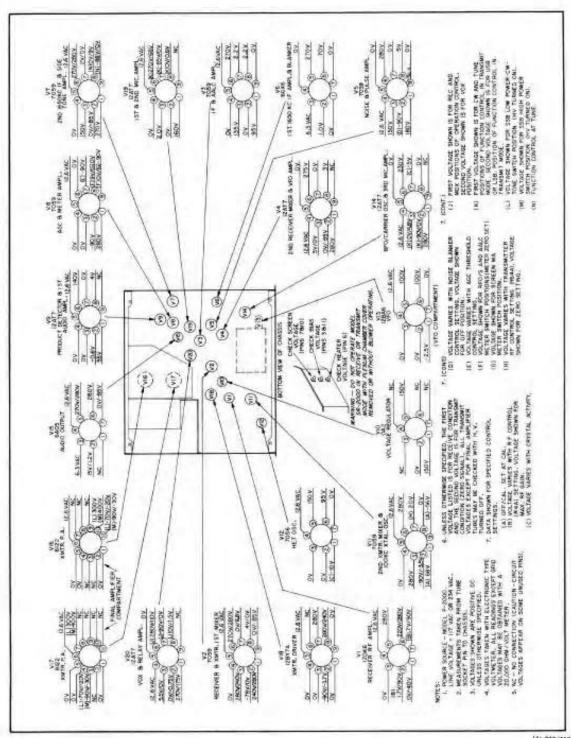


Figure 11. Model SR-2000 Voltage Chart.

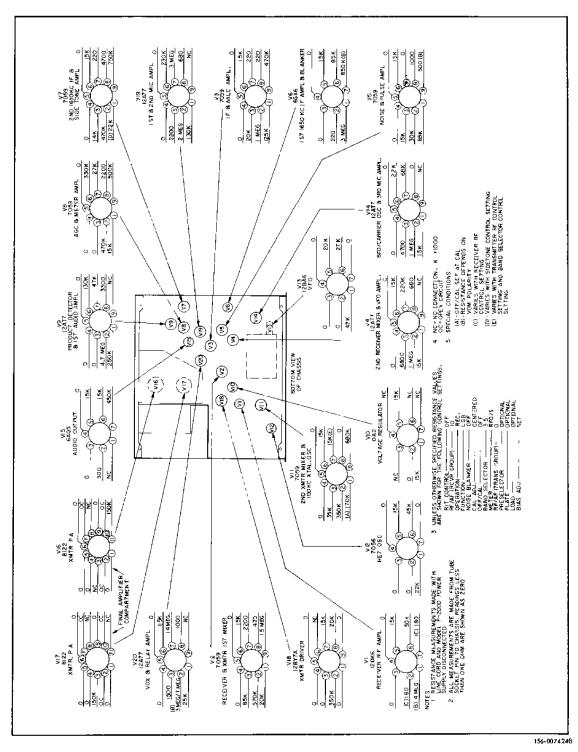


Figure 12. Model SR-2000 Resistance Chart.

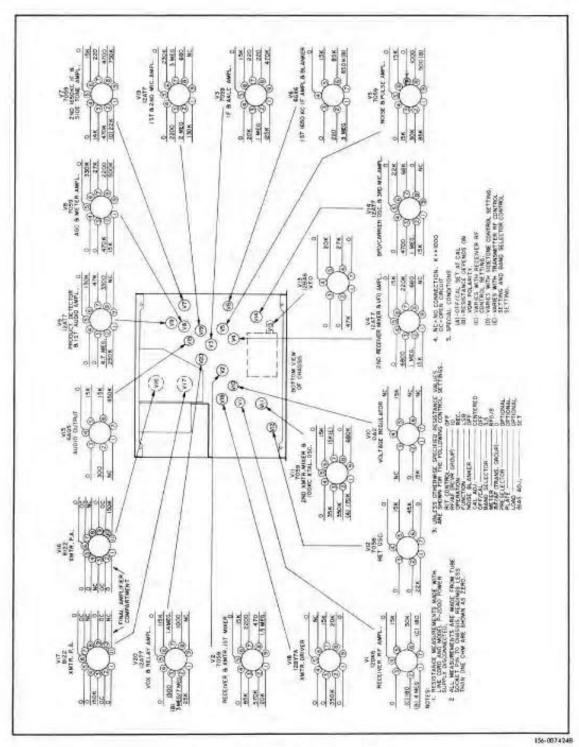


Figure 12. Model SR-2000 Resistance Chart.

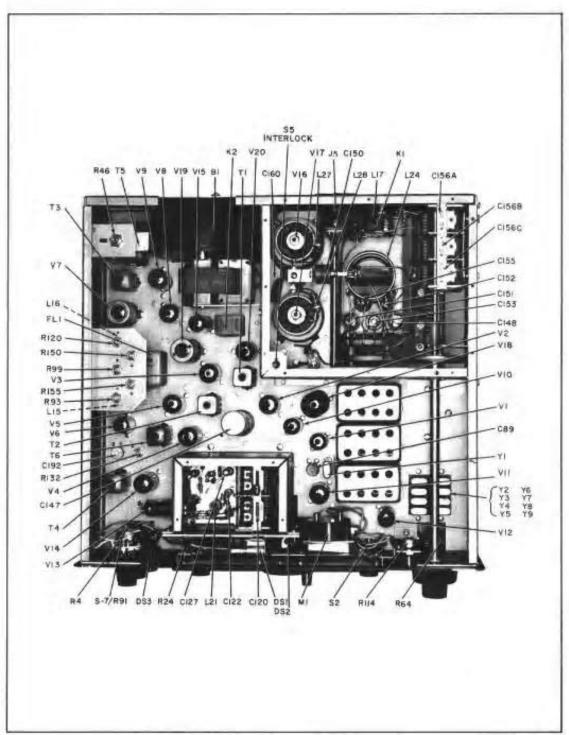
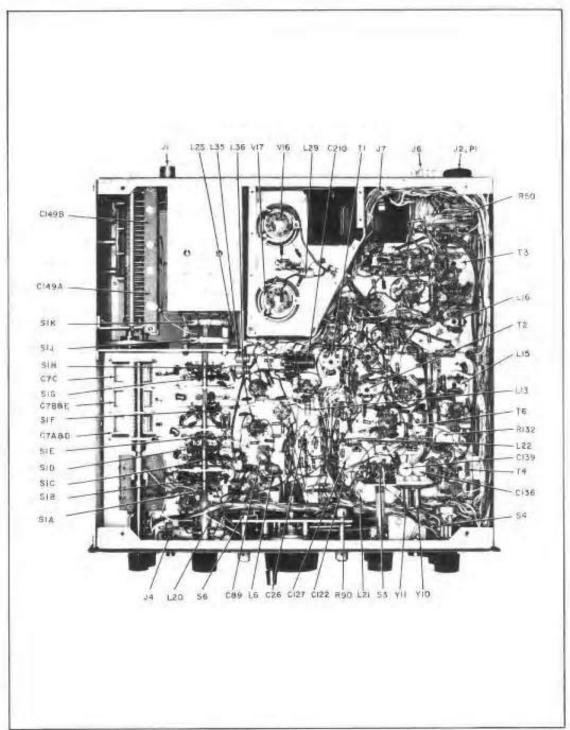


Figure 13. Model SR-2000 Top View, Companent Location.



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Figure 14. Model SR-2000 Bottom View, Component Location.

made for a nominal charge. All Hallicrafters Authorized Service Centers display the sign shown at right. For the location of the one nearest you, consult your dealer or your local telephone directory.

Make no service shipments to the factory unless instructed to do so by letter, as the Hallicrafters Company will not accept responsibility for unauthorized shipments.

The Hallicrafters Company reserves the privilege of making revisions in current production of equipment, and assumes no obligation to incorporate such revisions in earlier models.



# SECTION VIII ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

#### WARNING

THE VOLTAGES USED IN THE MODEL SR-2000 AND MODEL P-2000 ARE LETHAL. AVOID UNNECESSARY EXPOSURE TO HIGH VOLTAGE CIR-CUITS WHEN MAKING CIRCUIT AD-JUSTMENTS OR VOLTAGE CHECKS. ENERGIZE THE HIGH VOLTAGE CIR-CUITS ONLY WHEN THE CHECK REQUIRES THE APPLICATION OF FINAL AMPLIFIER STAGE PLATE AND SCREEN POTENTIALS, SERIOUS RADIO FREQUENCY BURNS WILL RESULT IF THE PLATE OR AN-TENNA OUTPUT ENDS OF THE FINAL AMPLIFIER PI NETWORK ARE CONTACTED WHILE TRANS-MITTING.

#### CAUTION

Never operate the Model SR-2000 Transceiver as a transmitter without a matched antenna or adequate dummy load termination. Illuminating lamps will not present a constant load impedance. The power amplifier tubes and PI network components can be damaged if the equipment is operated as a transmitter unloaded.

# 8-1. GENERAL.

The Model SR-2000 Transceiver has been carefully aligned and tested at the factory and, with normal usage, should not require other than the usual attention given to electronic equipment. Service or replacement of a major component or circuit may require subsequent

realignment, but under no circumstances should realignment be attempted unless the malfunction has been analyzed and definitely traced to misalignment. Service work should only be performed by persons experienced in this work, using the proper test equipment.

#### NOTE

Do not make any adjustments unless the operation of the transceiver is fully understood and adequate test equipment is available. Refer to figures 13 and 14 for parts locations and to figures 15 and 16 for the location of all alignment adjustments.

#### 8-2. EQUIPMENT REQUIRED.

- 1. RF Signal Generator; Hewlett-Packard Model 606A, or an equivalent signal generator having up to one volt output at an impedance of 50 to 70 ohms and a frequency coverage to 30 MC.
- 2. A Vacuum Tube Voltmeter (VTVM); Hewlett-Packard Model 410B, or equivalent VTVM having an RF probe good to 40 MC.
- 3. A dummy load; 50 ohms non-reactive; rated at 1000 watts average power. Bird Wattmeter or equivalent.
- 4. AF Signal Generator. Hewlett-Packard Model 200 AB, or equivalent.
- 5. AF Voltmeter; Ballentine Model 300, or equivalent capable of measuring 1 to 5 millivolt level.

6. A general coverage receiver covering the frequency range from 3 to 30 MC with a 100 KC calibrator.

#### 8-3. BIAS ADJUSTMENT.

The final amplifier bias must be checked and if necessary set before any extensive checks are made on the transmitter portion of the Model SR-2000. Correctly setting the bias will insure normal operating plate dissipation for the final amplifier tubes. Adjust the BIAS ADJ. control located on the front panel of the transceiver unit as follows:

A. Set the OPERATION control at REC. and allow the transceiver time to reach operating temperature. Pre-set the following controls as indicated:

FUNCTION . . . . . . . . . TUNE

RF (transmitter group) . . . . At zero (Full CCW)

AF (transmitter group) . . . . At zero (Full CCW)

High Power/Low Power ... SSB LOW POWER-CW-TUNE

- B. Press the HIGH VOLTAGE ON button. The PLATE VOLTS meter indicates approximately 1700 VDC, and the red HIGH VOLTAGE warning indicator lights. If the high voltage does not come on, either the High Power/Low Power switch is not set at SSB LOW POWER—CW—TUNE or the delay relay in the power supply has not had sufficient time to close. Allow reasonable warm-up time before checking the bias setting or resetting the BIAS ADJ. control.
- C. Set the OPERATION control at MOX. The PLATE CURRENT meter will indicate 0.2 ampere if the bias is correct. If adjustment is required set the BIAS ADJ. control (R114) for 0.2 amperes. Idle plate current is always set at 0.2 amperes with zero transmitter output. If the RF control is set full counterclockwise the RF output will be zero.

#### 8-4. "S"-METER ZERO ADJUSTMENT.

The "S" meter will require a zero adjustment if it does not indicate between zero and S-1 in the receive mode with the RF control full CCW, or if it does not indicate zero RFO in the transmit mode with zero RF output. The adjustment procedure is as follows:

A. Remove the cabinet cover per paragraph 7-1A.

- B. Place the transceiver in the transmit mode (FUNCTION control at TUNE, OPERATION control at MOX) and RF (transmitter group) control full CCW for zero output.
- C. Set METER switch at RFO/S and adjust the METER ZERO control (R120) for the "S" meter zero or pointer rest position.
- D. Set OPERATION control at REC and turn the RF (receiver group) control full CCW. The "S" meter should read between S-0 and S-1. If not, adjust the AGC THRESHOLD control (R46) for an "S" meter reading just above zero and less than S-1. Replace the cabinet cover.

#### 8-5. CARRIER BALANCE.

The transceiver should be allowed to reach operating temperature before making the carrier balance adjustments. Remove the top cabinet cover per paragraph 7-1A to gain access to the carrier balance adjustments C192 and R132. See figure 15.

- A. Tune-up the transceiver for SSB operation using an antenna load or dummy load for the transmitter.
- B. Turn the AF control (transmitter group) fully counterclockwise to remove all audio from the modulator stage. With the FUNCTION switch set at either of the USB/LSB positions, close the microphone PTT switch and adjust the carrier balance controls (capacitor C192 and potentiometer R132) for minimum RFO voltage (METER switch at RFO/S).
- C. The RFO meter on the transceiver will drop to zero near the true null. A more exacting balance may be obtained by connecting the Model HP-410B VTVM RF probe across the transceiver antenna output and observing the RFO voltage on the 1V RMS scale or by tuning a receiver, having an "S" meter, to the transmitted frequency. In either case, adjust the balance controls for minimum carrier level while switching the FUNCTION control back and forth between the two sidebands.

# 8-6. CRYSTAL CALIBRATOR ADJUSTMENT.

# CAUTION

DISABLE THE HIGH VOLTAGE WHEN PERFORMING THE FOLLOWING ADJUSTMENTS.

The crystal calibrator trimmer (C89) is used to warp the 100 KC crystal exactly to frequency by comparing its harmonic frequency with the signal transmitted by station WWV. Place the

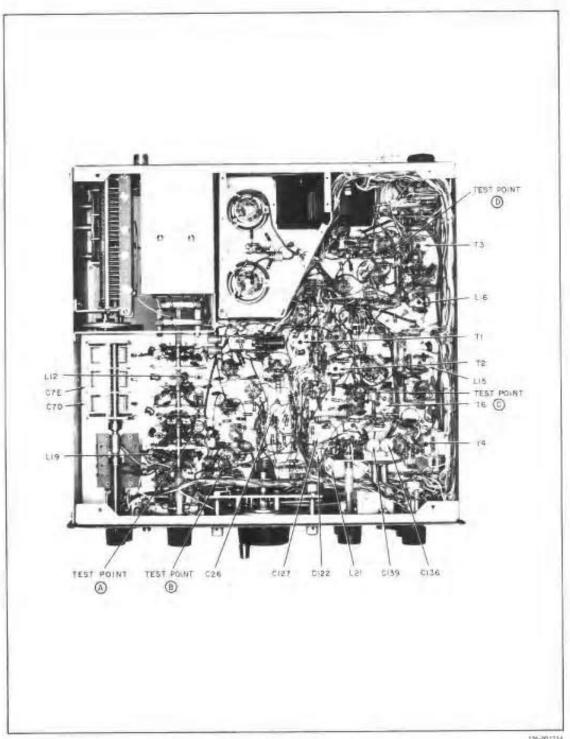


Figure 16. Model SR-2000 Bottom View, Alignment Adjustments.

transceiver in the receive mode. (OPERATION control at REC and FUNCTION control at USB or LSB). With a general coverage receiver, tune in station WWV and connect a wire lead between the Model SR-2000 antenna connector (antenna cable disconnected) and the antenna lead of the general coverage receiver. Set the OFF/CAL switch at CAL to activate the crystal calibrator, and carefully adjust the calibrator trimmer (C89) until the 100 KC oscillator harmonic is at zero beat with station WWV. This adjustment should be made only during periods of no modulation on station WWV's signal, to avoid confusing beats with the modulation frequencies.

# 8-7. FINAL AMPLIFIER NEUTRALIZATION.

#### A. Neutralization Check.

Run the neutralization check with the transceiver in its cabinet (all hardware in place) and terminated in a dummy load (or antenna with low VSWR). Tune up the transceiver in the CW mode (Refer to paragraphs 5-4 and 5-5) at the following frequencies:

3900 KC 14,250 KC 28,750 KC 7250 KC 21,300 KC

Adjust the RF control (transmitter group) for 120 VRMS RF output. (Approximately equal to S-5 to S-7 on the RFO meter if an RF voltmeter is not available.) Carefully tune the PLATE control through resonance and observe the plate current dip (PLATE CURRENT meter) and RF output voltage maximum (RFO meter or VTVM). If both occur at the same setting or with an error of less than 5 VRMS out of the 120 VRMS reference level, the amplifier stage is neutralized.

#### B. Neutralizing the Model SR-2000.

### NOTE

Neutralization adjustments should be made on the 15M Band at approximately 21.3 MC.

If the neutralization check outlined above indicates a need for adjustment, remove the top cabinet cover and the cover over the final amplifier compartment to gain access to the neutralizing tab located near tube V17. Refer to paragraph 7-3 for cover removal details.

Proceed as outlined for the neutralization check and adjust the gap between the neutralizing tab and the plate structure of tube V17, until the plate current dip and the RF output voltage maximum coincide at each of the frequencies shown in step A.

The top cabinet cover does not have to be in place for the neutralization check, however

the final compartment cover must be in place to operate the safety interlock and also supply the RF shielding required.

# CAUTION

DO NOT DEFEAT THE SAFETY INTERLOCK OR OPEN THE FINAL AMPLIFIER COMPARTMENT WITH THE HIGH VOLTAGE CIRCUITS ENERGIZED. THE NEUTRALIZING TAB IS AT 280 VOLTS DC AT ALL SETTINGS OF THE OPERATION CONTROL EXCEPT OFF.

The PRESELECTOR control calibration has an effect on the neutralization pattern. If only one or two check frequencies indicate a neutralization problem, a PRESELECTOR calibration correction may be indicated rather than a neutralizing tab adjustment. Refer to paragraph 8-12 for the mixer and driver stage alignment details.

#### 8-8. VFO CALIBRATION ALIGNMENT.

#### A. Mechanical Index.

As each 100 KC mark on the main dial indexes with its fiducial, the zero mark on the knob dial should also index with its fiducial. If there is a fixed error between these dials, remove the tuning knob with a No. 8 Bristol set screw wrench to expose the knob dial bushing. Set the main dial to any 100 KC mark. Loosen the knob dial set screw with a No. 6 Bristol set screw wrench and rotate the knob dial with respect to the knob shaft until the zero mark lines up with its fiducial. Tighten the set screw. Replace the knob with approximately 1/32-inch clearance between the knob and panel.

If a service operation involved disconnecting the VFO gang from the gear drive, re-index the gang as follows:

- 1. Rotate the tuning knob clockwise to the mechanical stop.
- 2. Loosen the two No. 6 Bristol set screws holding the drive gear to the VFO gang shaft.
- 3. Rotate the gang capacitor to fully mesh the capacitor and tighten one of the set screws.
- 4. Rotate the knob exactly  $30\,\mathrm{KC}$  in the counterclockwise direction.
- 5. Loosen the set screw again and without disturbing the VFO gang setting, turn the tuning knob clockwise to the knob dial zero. (The main dial will now also be indexed at the high frequency end of the dial.)

6. Tighten both set screws securely and replace the VFO compartment cover, before recalibrating the VFO electrically.

# B. VFO Calibration (Trimmer Adjustment Only).

A trimmer capacity correction is indicated if the dial calibration check across the dial, at the 100 KC check points, consistently falls to one side of the fiducial and cannot be corrected by the CAL ADJ. control. The main dial and knob dial must be correctly indexed as outlined in paragraph 8-8A and the calibration check should be run with the FUNCTION control set at LSB. Recalibrate the VFO as follows:

- 1. Remove the bottom cabinet cover per paragraph 7-1B to gain access to the adjustment screw of trimmer C122. See figure 16 for location of the trimmer.
- 2. Set the BAND SELECTOR at 3.5, OPERATION at REC., FUNCTION at LSB, PRESELECTOR at 80M segment, OFF/CAL. at CAL, NOISE BLANKER at OFF, and RIT CONTROL at OFF.
- 3. Center the CAL, ADJ, control, The dot on the knob should fall attopdead center.
- 4. Set the dial for exactly 3500 KC. (Red 500 on main dial and black zero on knob dial.) Carefully adjust trimmer C122 for zero beat.
- 5. Check calibration across the dial at the 100 KC check points. If the frequency error is less than approximately 2000 CPS, the calibration is within acceptable limits. If the error increases and exceeds 2000 CPS at the high frequency end of the dial, the VFO will require a coil adjustment in addition to the trimmer adjustment.

# C. VFO Calibration (Trimmer and Coil Adjustment).

If the dial error progressively increased in the same direction with the high frequency end of the dial running out more than 2000 CPS, both coil L21 and trimmer C122 will require adjustment. Recalibrate the VFO as follows:

- 1. Set the transceiver controls per steps 2 and 3 in paragraph 8-8B.
- 2. Set tuning dial for exactly 4000 KC (VFO = 4351.450 KC) and adjust coil L21 for zero beat.

- 3. Set tuning dial for exactly 3500 KC (VFO = 4851.450 KC) and adjust trimmer C122 for zero beat.
- 4. Repeat steps 2 and 3 until both the 3500 KC and 4000 KC settings are exactly on frequency.
- 5. Check the calibration across the dial at the 100 KC points. If the frequency error is less than 2000 CPS, the calibration is within acceptable limits. If the error is in excess of 2000 CPS at any of the mid-points, with the end limits at zero error, the VFO capacitor C120 should be "knifed". This operation should not be attempted by other than qualified personnel thoroughly familiar with the technique.
- 6. Set the dial at 3800 KC and tune to exact zero beat with the marker crystal. Switch the FUNCTION control from LSB to USB. If the frequency shifts more than 15 CPS, the VFO corrector trimmer C127 must be adjusted per paragraph 8-8D.

## D. VFO Corrector Adjustment.

The VFO corrector trimmer, C127, shifts the VFO frequency approximately 3000 CPS to correct for the difference in frequency between the upper and lower sideband BFO/carrier crystal frequencies. The trimmer is switched into the VFO circuit in the upper sideband mode. To check the corrector trimmer setting, tune the transceiver, in the LSB mode, to zero beat with the 3800 KC marker frequency. Switch to USB mode. There should be less than a 15 CPS change in frequency. If the change is more than 15 CPS, carefully adjust trimmer C127 until the differences between USB and LSB is less than 15 CPS.

## 8-9. IF ALIGNMENT (1650 KC).

This operation consists of adjusting transformers T3 and T6 only. Do not adjust the filter terminations (L15 and L16) at this time. Refer to paragraph 6-10 for the crystal filter alignment.

The signal source for alignment may be obtained from an RF signal generator (at 1650 KC) or the transceiver can be tuned to the 100 KC crystal calibrator signal in the 20M band. (Any 100 KC marker.) If an RF signal generator is used, connect its output to pin 2 of the second receiver mixer tube (V4A). Test point C. (See figures 16 and 22.)

Set the OPERATION control at REC., FUNCTION control at either USB or LSB, NOISE BLANKER at OFF, and METER switch at RFO/S. Adjust the RF control or signal generator output

(no modulation) for about S-7 on the "S" meter and tune either the transceiver or signal generator (whichever method is used) for maximum "S" meter deflection.

With the signal now centered in the crystal filter pass band, adjust transformer T3 (top and bottom cores) and transformer T6 (single core) for maximum "S" meter deflection. Maintain the S-7 level to avoid overloading effects. Do not run the cores through the individual transformer windings (T3) so that either core rests between the windings and upsets the design coupling.

### 8-10. CRYSTAL FILTER ALIGNMENT.

- A. The filter response should be checked as follows to determine whether or not the filter termination coils L15 and L16 need adjustment.
- 1. Tune up the transceiver, in the transmit mode, into a 50 ohm dummy load. (3800 KC is recommended.)
- 2. Connect the AF signal generator to the microphone input and monitor the input voltage with the Ballantine voltmeter. Set the AF signal generator at 1000 CPS and adjust the generator level for 50 volts RMS RF output with the AF control (transmitter group) set near maximum (approximately 9).
  - 3. Set the FUNCTION control at LSB.
- 4. Maintain constant AF signal generator input voltage and change the frequency of the generator above and below 1000 CPS, recording the frequency at which the transmitter RF output voltage drops to 25 volts RMS (-6 db). Also note the maximum and minimum RF voltage excursions between these two frequencies. A normal 6 db frequency response will run 500 CPS or less at the low end, 2400 CPS or more at the high end, and less than 2 db variation (10 volts RMS change) in the pass band.
- 5. Repeat the check made in step 4 with the FUNCTION control set at USB.
- B. If the check made in paragraph 6-10A above indicates a need for filter termination adjustment, one of two methods may be employed.
- 1. The test set up above may be used to evaluate the pass band ripple and the terminating coils, L15 and L16, then adjusted for minimum in band ripple while maintaining maximum RF output. If the terminations were disturbed and a major increase in RF output is obtained with adjustment, reset the AF signal generator level to maintain the 50 volt RMS reference at 1000 CPS.

2. The pass band ripple may also be observed by operating the transceiver in the receive mode. Tune in the 100 KC calibrator crystal at 3800 KC and adjust the RF control (receiver group) for an S-7 "S" meter reading. Tune through the filter pass band and adjust the filter termination coils (L15 and L16) for minimum in band ripple while maintaining maximum "S" meter deflection. If the terminations were disturbed and a major increase in "S" meter reading results, readjust the RF control to maintain the S-7 reference level.

#### 8-11. IF ALIGNMENT (6.0 - 6.5 MC).

This operation consists of adjusting transformers T1 and T2 as follows:

- A. Remove the heterodyne oscillator tube (V12) and connect the HP410B VTVM RF probe to test point (B) (Pin 2 of the second transmitter mixer tube V11A). See figures 16 and 22.
- B. Place transceiver in transmit mode with the high voltage disabled. Set OPERATION control at MOX, FUNCTION control at TUNE, BAND SELECTOR at 3.5, and adjust RF control (transmitter group) for 1 VRMS at VTVM at the peak of the response.
- C. Tune the VFO across the band and note the VTVM readings. If the response is essentially flat, with no more than 2 db to 3 db roll off at each end of the band, the alignment is OK.
- D. If adjustment is required, adjust transformers T1 and T2 (top and bottom cores) for maximum grid voltage as well as a flat response across the band. Avoid a tilted response or a response that rolls off beyond the 2 db to 3 db limit at the edges of the VFO dial settings. Do not sacrifice gain by stagger tuning the transformers, to obtain a constant grid voltage across the band, or run a core through the winding which would upset the design coupling. A properly aligned amplifier will have equal drop in the response at each end of the band but will not exceed 3 db (70% transmission).
- E. Replace the heterodyne oscillator tube V12 and disconnect the VTVM.

# 8-12. ALIGNMENT OF TRANSMITTER MIXER/DRIVER AND RECEIVER ANTENNA STAGES.

The final amplifier bias adjustment must be properly set per paragraph 6-3 before extensive operation of the transmitter is attempted. It is assumed that the signal generating stages of the Model SR-2000 are functioning properly. Use the

internally generated signal of the transceiver to align the transmitter mixer and driver stages and the RF signal generator to align the receiver antenna stage as follows:

- A. Connect the 50-ohm dummy load and VTVM RF probe to the ANTENNA jack (J1). Connect the RF signal generator termination to test point A. (See figures 16 and 22.) Connect the signal lead to the receiver antenna coaxial cable termination at switch wafer SID (4th wafer from front) and the ground lead to the first shield plate. Connect the AF voltmeter across the 500 ohm audio output transformer winding at the RCVR AUDIO jack (J3) located at the rear chassis apron. This arrangement will now permit transmitter and receiver operation without connecting and disconnecting test equipment repeatedly during alignment.
- B. If the trimmer capacitors on the three section gang (C7) have not been previously aligned at the factory, preset trimmers C7D and C7E approximately one-half turn from tight.
- C. Set the RF control (transmitter group) at zero, OPERATION control at MOX, FUNCTION control at TUNE, and HIGH VOLTAGE ON. (Set plate voltage selector switch in SSB LOW POWER-CW-TUNE position.)
- D. Set the BAND SELECTOR control at 28, the VFO at 28000 KC, the PRESELECTOR control at the left edge of the 15-10M segment, and the final amplifier LOAD control at 5. Advance the RF control and adjust the final amplifier PLATE control for resonance. Maintain an output signal level of 50 volts RMS at the VTVM with the RF control and adjust coils L7 and L30 for maximum output at the dummy load, Reduce the transmitter output to zero with the RF control.
- E. Set the OPERATION control at REC., RF and AF controls (receiver group) at maximum (10), RIT control at OFF, and NOISE BLANKER at OFF. Do not change the VFO setting and PRESELECTOR control setting set up in step D. Tune the RF signal generator to 28,000 KC and adjust it for approximately 1000 CPS beat note. Use just enough signal generator output (approximately one microvolt for an aligned unit) to keep from developing AVC voltage (no "S" meter indication). Adjust coil L5 for maximum audio output without developing AVC voltage.
- F. Set the BAND SELECTOR control at 29.5, the VFO at 30,000 KC the final amplifier LOAD control at 5-1/2, and the OPERATION control at MOX. Advance the RF control (transmitter group) and tune the final amplifier PLATE and PRESELECTOR controls to resonance. Maintain an output signal level of 50 volts RMS at the VTVM with the RF control and adjust trimmer C7E for maximum output at the dummy load. Reduce

the transmitter output to zero with the RF control.

- G. Set the OPERATION control at REC. and without changing the VFO or PRESELECTOR control setting, tung the RF signal generator to 30,000 KC and obtain the 1000 CPS beat note. Control the signal generator output and adjust trimmer C7D for maximum audio output at the AF voltmeter without developing AVC voltage (No "S" meter indication).
- H. Repeat steps C, D and E to peak out the coil adjustments for the 10 meter band.
- I. Set the BAND SELECTOR at 3.5, the VFO at 3500 KC and the PRESELECTOR at the left edge of the 80M segment. Set the final amplifier LOAD control at 3. Set the OPERATION control at MOX, advance the RF control (transmitter group) and adjust the final PLATE control for resonance. Maintain the 50 volt RMS output signal level with the RF control and adjust coils L11 and L34 for maximum output at the dummy load. Reduce the output to zero with the RF control.
- J. Set the OPERATION control at REC. and without changing the VFO or PRESELECTOR control settings, tune the RF signal generator to 3500 KC and obtain the 1000 CPS beat note. Control the signal generator output and adjust coil L4 for maximum audio output at the AF voltmeter without developing AVC voltage.
- K. Repeat the procedure given in steps I and J for the 40M, 20M, and 15M bands. Refer to the RF ALIGNMENT CHART for specific control settings and adjustments for each of the bands. For each band, set the PRESELECTOR control at the left edge of the band segment when adjusting the coils for that band.
- L. Set the BAND SELECTOR at 7.0. the OPERATION control at REC., the VFO at 7000 KC. Tune the RF signal generator at 7000 KC the 1000 CPS beat note and tune the PRESELECTOR control for maximum AF voltage. Reset the RF signal generator frequency to 6.5 MC, increase the signal generator output by approximately 40 db, and adjust its frequency for the 1000 CPS beat note. Set the signal generator output for approximately 10 volts RMS audio output and adjust the 6.5 MC trap coil L12 and trimmer C26 for minimum audio output. If the core adjustment in trap coil L12 is shifted considerably to achieve rejection, the setting of coil L10 may be affected. Repeat the alignment procedure shown in step K for coils L10, L33, and L3 in the 40M band to insure correct alignment.
- M. Set the BAND SELECTOR at 7.0, the OPERATION control at REC, and the VFO at 7250 KC. Tune the RF signal generator at 7250 KC for a 1000 CPS beat note and tune the PRESELECTOR control for maximum audio output. Use a low level output from the signal generator (approxi-

mately one microvolt) so that no AGC voltage is developed. Reset the signal generator frequency to 6250 KC and increase its output by approximately

60 DB. Adjust its frequency for a 1000 CPS beat note. Now adjust the 6.25 MC trap coil (L39) for minimum audio output.

#### RF ALIGNMENT CHART (MIXER-DRIVER STAGES)

Band Selector	Transceiver Final Ampl. VFO Setting Load Setting		Adjust For Maximum RF Output In Transmit		
3.6	3500 KC	3	L11 L34		
7.0	7000 KC	3-1/4	L10 L33		
14	14000 KC	5	L9 L32		
21	21000 KC	4-1/4	L8 L31		
28	28000 KC	5 ′	L7 L30		
29.5	30000 KC	5-1/2	C7E		

#### RF ALIGNMENT CHART (RECEIVER ANTENNA STAGE)

Band Selector	Transceiver VFO Setting	RF Signal Generator	Adjust For Maximum AF Voltage In Receive	
3.5	3500 KC	3500 KC	L4	
7.0	7000 KC	7000 KC	L3	
14	14000 KC	14000 KC	L2	
21	21000 KC	21000 KC	L1	
28	28000 KC	28000 KC	L5	
29.5	30000 KC	30000 KC	C7D	

#### 8-13. BFO/CARRIER OSCILLATOR ALIGNMENT.

This operation consists of adjusting the core of carrier oscillator transformer T4 and setting the crystal warping trimmers, C136 and C139, to place the oscillator exactly on frequency.

A. Set the core of transformer T4 before setting the oscillators to frequency. Connect the VTVM RF probe at test point D (pin 8 of the product detector tube V9A) (see figures 16 and 22). Set the OPERATION control at REC and check the injection voltage at test point D for both LSB and USB settings of the FUNCTION control, If the injection voltages measured are approximately 2.5 volts RMS and the crystal oscillators start without hesitation in either sideband position, no adjustment should be necessary. If adjustment is required, set the core of transformer T4 for approximately 80 percent of the peak RMS voltage obtained, on the high frequency side of the peak output setting of the core. That is, turn the core counterclockwise from the peak output voltage setting. Switch the FUNCTION control between USB and LSB to check the starting capabilities of the oscillators. If the core is set as described, both oscillators will start without hesitation.

B. The BFO/carrier oscillator frequencies have been accurately set at the factory to 1651.550 KC (USB) and 1648.550 KC (LSB) with the aid of an electronic counter connected to test point D. If an electronic counter is available, set the OPERATION control at REC and the FUNCTION control at LSB. Set trimmer C136 for

exactly 1648.550 KC. Set FUNCTION control at USB and set trimmer C139 for exactly 1651.550 KC. Following the frequency adjustment, recheck the VFO corrector adjustment per paragraph 8-8D.

Without the electronic counter it would be well to leave trimmers C136 and C139 untouched. If it is necessary to replace crystals Y10 and Y11 for any reason, make the VFO corrector adjustment per paragraph 8-8D.

#### 8-14. HETERODYNE CRYSTAL OSCILLATOR ALIGNMENT.

The heterodyne crystal oscillator injection may be checked in the following manner to determine whether or not the core of coil L19 requires adjustment. Connect the VTVM RF probe to test point B (pin 2 of the second transmitter mixer tube V11A). See figures 16 and 22. Disable the VFO injection by removing VFO tube V13. Set the OPERATION control at MOX (HIGH VOLTAGE disabled) and the FUNCTION control at TUNE. Record the RMS injection voltage for all settings of the BAND SELECTOR control. Injection is normal if the injection voltage measures 2.0 to 2.5 VRMS on 80M and 40M, 1.0 to 1.2 VRMS on 20M and 15M, and 0.75 to 1.0 VRMS on the 10M segments.

If adjustment is required, set the core of coil L19 to obtain 2 volts RMS or more on 80M and 40M, and 0.75 volts or more on the 10M segments. The 15M and 20M bands will automatically fall into line around the 1 volt RMS level.

# SECTION IX MODEL P-2000 POWER SUPPLY



156-007099

Figure 17. Hallicrafters' Model P-2000 Power Supply.

#### 9-1. DESCRIPTION.

The Model P-2000 Power Supply is a companion unit to the Model SR-2000 Transceiver and provides all supply voltages required by the transceiver. The application of the final amplifier anode and screen potentials is controlled at the power supply unit by the high voltage selector switch (SSB HIGH POWER/SSB LOW POWER-CW-TUNE) and high voltage control switch (HIGH VOLTAGE ON-OFF). The power supply also contains the station speaker and final amplifier plate metering facilities for the transceiver. Two meters provide for monitoring the final amplifier plate current (0-1 ampere) and plate voltage (0 to 5 kilovolts). The metering circuits employed, permit the meter cases to operate at ground potential, thereby avoiding a shock hazard.

Solid state silicon rectifiers are employed throughout for cool maintenance free operation. The low voltage circuits such as heater supply, low B+, receiver audio, etc., are carried in one cable with a 12-pin connector, while the final amplifier plate and screen supply voltages are carried in a separate cable and plug termination to provide a maximum safety factor.

The power supply is shipped from the factory with the line cord wired and fitted with the plug for 115-volt 2-wire service. A line cord plug is also supplied for use with 230-volt 3-wire service.

Line protection is provided by two 12ampere fuses wired so that they operate inseries from a 230-volt AC source and in parallel from a 115-volt AC source. The use of one size fuse for either source voltage avoids the possibility of incorrect line protection.

#### 9-2. UNPACKING.

After unpacking the Model P-2000 Power Supply, examine it carefully for possible damage that may have occurred in transit. If the equipment has been damaged, file a claim immediately with the carrier, stating the extent of the damage. Carefully check all shipping labels and tags for special instructions before removing or destroying them.

The power supply unit is shipped on a wood platform to support its weight. To remove the shipping platform, carefully turn the power supply

unit over and set it down bottom side up. When handling the power supply, keep in mind that it weighs around 60 pounds. Remove the four shipping platform mounting screws (No. 10 x 3/4-inch) and lift the platform clear. Mount the four cabinet feet with No. 10 x 1/2-inch screws and flat washers supplied. The cabinet feet are fastened to the cabinet and chassis in the same mounting holes that were used for attaching the shipping platform. Be sure to install the flat washers between the cabinet feet and the heads of the screws. DO NOT USE THE NO. 10 x 3/4-INCH SHIPPING PLATFORM HARDWARE TO FASTEN THE CABINET FEET. Set the power supply back on its feet.

#### 9-3. POWER SOURCE.

The Model P-2000 Power Supply for the Model SR-2000 Transceiver is designed to operate from either 115-volt, 2-wire, or 230-volt, 3-wire 60 cycle single phase service. Operation from 230-volt, 2-wire service, available in many countries, will necessitate the use of an additional conversion transformer. Details for this type installation may be obtained by contacting The Hallicrafters International Division, 4401 W. 5th Avenue, Chicago, Illinois, 60624.

Under peak power input conditions, the equipment may draw in excess of 10 amperes from 230-volt service or in excess of 20 amperes from 115-volt service. This power requirement will generally exceed the capabilities of most home 115-volt wall outlets. If the station is to operate from a 115-volt outlet, a separate circuit rated at 30 amperes should be provided.

#### 9\_4 PRIMARY POWER CONNECTIONS.

The power supply is shipped from the factory with the line cord wired for 115-volt service outlets. The junction box wiring for the line cord may be exposed for inspection by removing the back cover of the power supply. The cover is held in place with two screws.

Note that the line cord wiring for 115-volt service requires that one side of the line shall be connected to terminals 1,2, and 5 and the other side of the line shall be connected to terminals 3 and 4. The ground pin of the line cord plug is wired to the ground bolt on the chassis (green lead).

If the equipment is to operate from a 230-volt, 3-wire 60 cycle single phase service outlet, make the following changes in the power supply terminal strip wiring:

- A. Disconnect the line cord leads (three leads) and all jumpers connected to the terminal strip and to the chassis ground bolt. Retain the jumper wires for possible re-use.
- B. Connect terminal 2 to terminal 3 using the short jumper wire just removed in step A.
- C. Connect the green line cord lead to terminal 5. This is the neutral wire of the three wire system.

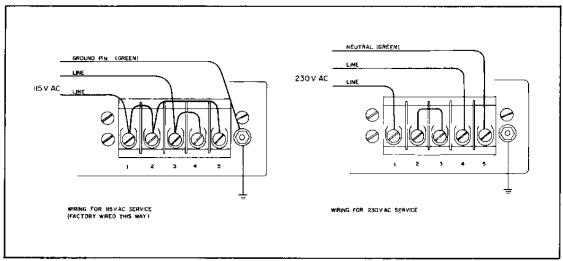


Figure 18. Model P-2000 Power Supply, Primary Power Connections.

- D. Connect one of the two remaining line cord leads (black or white) to terminal 1 and the other to terminal 4. This completes the terminal strip wiring for 230-volt operation.
- E. Disconnect and remove the line cord plug supplied for 115-volt service. A 230-volt service plug has been supplied with the power supply for this purpose. Install and wire the 230-volt service plug connecting the green neutral lead to the neutral pin and the black and white leads to each of the blade contacts. If the 230-volt service outlet does not match the style plug supplied, obtain a matching plug and wire as required. Make sure the green line cord lead is connected to the neutral terminal of the service outlet.

#### CAUTION

THE VOLTAGES USED IN THE MODEL P-2000 POWER SUPPLY ARE LETHAL. EXERCISE EXTREME CARE IF SERVICE WORK MUST BE CARRIED ON WITH LIVE, EXPOSED CIRCUITS.

#### 9-5. INSTALLATION AND OPERATION.

The Model P-2000 Power Supply is specifically designed for use with the Model SR-2000 Transceiver. Refer to Sections III and V of this manual for specific installation and operating instructions that apply to the power supply unit.

#### 9-6. CHASSIS REMOVAL

- A. Disconnect the power supply from the service outlet and from the Model SR-2000 Transceiver.
- B. Remove the two rear cover mounting screws and take off the rear cabinet cover.
- C. Turn the power supply over and set it down on the bench bottom side up. When handling the power supply, keep in mind that it weighs around 60 pounds. Remove the four cabinet feet only. Note that three chassis screws still remain to support the chassis.
- D. Turn the power supply over and set it right side up on the bench. By sliding the unit to the edge of the bench, remove the remaining three screws one at a time. Make sure the center of gravity of the power supply stays over the work bench while performing this operation.
- E. Carefully slide the chassis out through the front opening of the cabinet.
- F. Reassemble the unit in the reverse order when re-installing the chassis. Be sure to anchor the chassis securely to the cabinet before turning the unit over to attach the mounting feet.

#### 9-7. METER LAMP REPLACEMENT.

Follow the procedure for chassis removal outlined in paragraph 9-6, and slide the chassis out of the cabinet just far enough to gain access to the meter lamp. Unclip the lamp socket assembly and replace the lamp with a number 1892, 14-volt miniature bayonet base lamp.

#### PARTS LIST

Schematic	Dest rupiton	Hallicrafters	Schemati		Hallicrafters
Symbol	Dest 1 tpitod	Part Number	Symbol	Description	Part Number
	Baffle, Speaker	012-000292			
	Bracket, Meter Mounting	067-013055	K304	Relay, Overload	021-000839
	Cabinet	000-001577	R301 thr:		451-052104
	Cable, 12-Conductor	01000910	H308	2 Walt, Carbon	
	Cable, Ground	007-009308	R309,310		024-100846
	Cable, Power	087 008909	311	Watt, Wirewound	
C301,302,	Capacitor, 0 01 µF 1400V,	047-200752	R312	Resistor, 15 Ohm, 5%, 10	448 -031150
303,304,305	Ceramic			Watt, Wirewound	
Ç306 thra	Capacitor, 90 µF, 500V	045 001337	R313,314	Resistor, 2.7 Megohm, 10%,	451-652275
C313	Electrolytic			2 Watt, Carbon	
C314	Capacitor, 6 µ F, 500V Electrolytic	045-100491	R315	Resistor, 1500 Ohm, 10% 2 Watt Carbou	451-652152
C315,316,	Capacitor, 20 µF, 250V	045-000008	R316	Resistor, 12K Ohm, 5%, 25	024-001593
317	Electrolytic	043-0000M	V210	Wati. Wirewound	024-001933
C316A,B	2 x 30 µ F, 350V, Electrolytic	045-000902	R317,318		445.012040
L301	Choke Screen	050-002327	16,116	Warewound	E192015010
L302	Choke, Filter	055-000595	Rg19	Resistor   Ohm, 10%, 5 Watt	445-012010
L303	Choke, Filter	056-000565	11314	Wirewound	110-010010
P303	Connector, Speker	010-002391	H320	Restator, 1000 Ohm, 10%,	451-252102
CR301,302	Diode, 5KV, I Ampere	019-003797	*****	1/2 Watt, Carbou	
CR303,304,	Dude, Type 1 Y3487	027-000314	R321	Resistor, 8200 Ohm, 10%	451-252822
305,306 308				1/2 Watt, Carbon	
309			R322	Resisior, 100 Ohm, 10%.	451-252101
CR307	Diode, Type 193194	019.002769		1/2 Walt, Carbou	
	Escutcheon, Pront Panel	007-000939	H923.32		451-653123
	Foot, Rubber (4)	018-201072	328,327	2 Walt, Carbon	
F301 302	Fuse, 12 Ampere, JAB	039-100497	R324	Resistor, 33K Ohm, 10%.	451-352333
F303	Fuse, 3 Ampere	039-100301		I Watt, Carbou	
	Fuseholder (F301,302,3031	006-008845	R328	Resistor, 47K Ohm, 10%,	451-252473
	Grill, Speaker	007 008932		1/2 Walt, Carbon	
DS301	Lamp, HV Indicator	039 000800		Shield, Pilot Lamp	086-100037
DS302	Lamp, Pilot, No. 1692	039-008797		Socket, Pilot Light	086-000628
M302	Meter Plate Current	DB2 -000885		Socket, Tube, 9-Pin	006-000947
M301	Meter, Plate Vultage	082 000684		Socket, High Vollage	006-001208
	Panel, Front	068-001583	SP301	Speaker	085-0002RB
	Panel Rear	D68-DD1703	5301	Switch, Button (Black)	060-002836-002
P301	Plug, 1 <sub>1</sub> 7 VAC	D10-DD2973	5302	Switch, Button (Red)	060-002836-001
	Plug, 220 VAC	010-002974	S30 <sub>2</sub>	Switch, Toggle Ht-Lo	060-100285-003
K30)	Relay, Primary Power	021-000837		Power	
K302	Relay, Hi-Lo Power	021-000841	T1	Transformer, Plate	050-002328
K303	Relay, Time Delay	021-000836	T2	Transformer, Power	052-001007

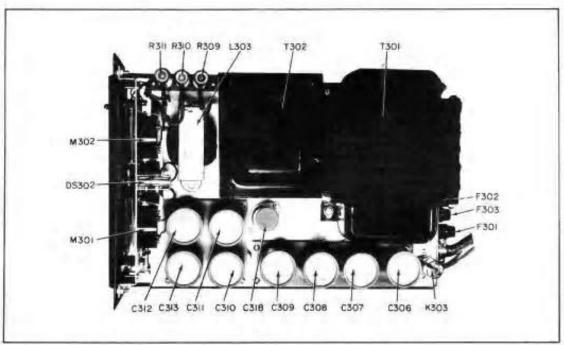


Figure 19. Model P-2000 Power Supply Top View, Component Location.

556-007100

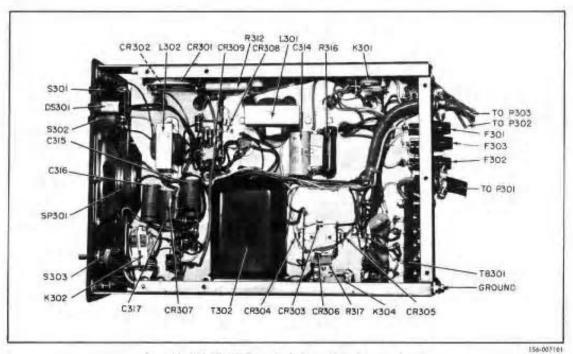


Figure 20. Model P-2000 Power Supply Bottom View, Component Location.

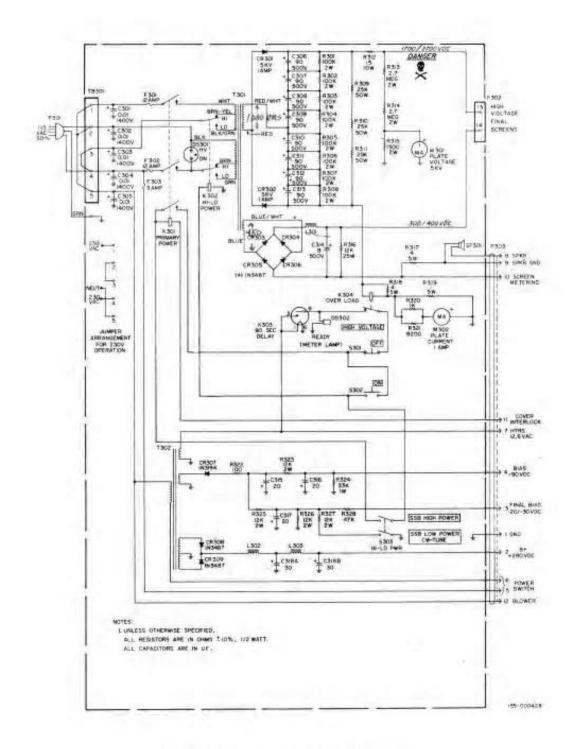
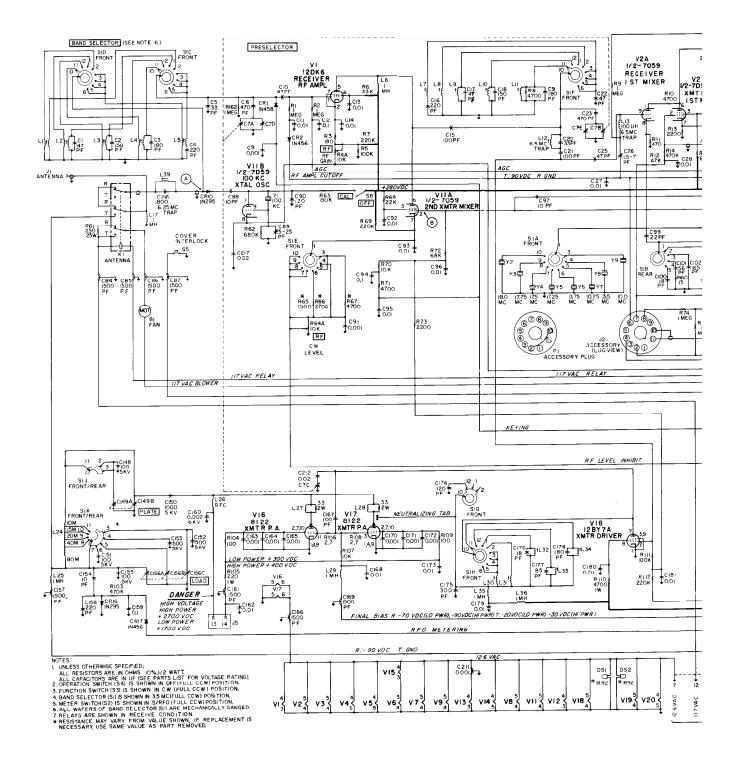


Figure 21. Model P-2000 Power Supply Schemotic Diagram.

## MODEL SR 2000 SERVICE REPAIR PARTS LIST

Schematic										
		Hallicraftere	Schematic		Hallicrafters	Schematic		Hallicrafters	Schematic	
Symbol	Description	Part Number	Symbol	Description	Part Number	Symbol	Description	Part Number	Symbol	
-,				CAPACITORS (CO	arth).		• RESISTORS (CONT).		LI FCTRON	J
	CAPACITORS			CAPACITORS (CO	•1)			044 00-600	2,	•
	AR THE ERY BOOM	493-110470-233	C123,124	39 PF, 5%, 500V,	491-005390-051	R61	250 Ohm, 25 Watt, Wirewound	024.001620	CR2,3,4, 1	ī
C1,17,22	47 PF, 5%, 500V, Maca	494-110410-244	C125,124	N150, Ceramic	401-000000-001	R69	150K Ohni	451.252154	5,9,15,17,	
C2,18	150 PF. 5%, 50DV,	493.110151-234	C126	10 PF 5% 500V,	491-900150-022	R65.15B	1500 Ohm	451-252152	21,22,23	
C2,10	Mica			NPO,			2700 Ohm	451-252272	CR6,7, 1 10,11,12,	I
C3,19,178	180 PF, 5%, 500V,	493.110181-254		Ceramic		131			16,11,12,	
	Mica		C127	Variable, 0.8 PF.13		R31 66 76,	22K Ohm	451-252223	CR13 1	Ļ
C4,18		493-110221-234	C128	PF, Piston Tramme 82 PF, 5%, 500V.	491-025820-042	124 R81,146	680 Ohnj	451-252681	CR14 1	Ι
C5,20	Mica 33 PF, 5%, 500V,	493-110330-239	C120	NBO, Ceramic		R89	47K Ohu, i Wati	451-352473		
	Mica		C129,133	47 PF, 5%, 500V,	49] .025470-022	R90	Variable, 25K Ohm,	D25-002509	CR19,20 1	
C6 23,142	470 PF, 10%, 500V,	493-110471-134		NPO, Ceramic			CAL ADJ			Ċ
	Mica		C135	33 PF, 5%, 100V,	493-910330-213	н91	Variable, 25K Ohm.	025.002510		Ċ
C7A,B,C,	Variable, PRE-	D48-000526	C	Mica	045-001431	R93,150	RIT (includes 57) Variable, i Megohni	025-002067	¥4 (	Ċ
D.E	SELECTOR 0.001 pF, 20% 500V,	047-001671	C146	25µ F, 25V, Ejectrolytic	040-001431	H43,130	30%, 2/10 Watt	023-002001	Υ5	C
C9,32,36, 62,64,	Ceramic	041-061011	C147A, B	2 x 30 μF, 350 v	045-000902		Anti-Trip Gain and			ſ
68,69,74,70				Ejectrolytic			VOX Sens			0
81,91,108	111,112,130,			100 PF, 10%, 5KV,	047-001924	R99,120	Variable, 50K Ohm	025-002065	Y8 (	C C
132,163,18	4,185,170,		155	Ceramic	048-000830		20%, 2/10 Watt, Sidetone Level and		111	Ċ
171, 172,1	33,184,188,		C149A,B C150	Variable, PLATE 1000 PF, 20%, 5 KV,	047-200556		Meter Zero			
193,196,19	7,199,202,		C130	Ceramic	041-100000	R100	47 Ohm, 1 Watt	451-352470	Υ10	(
213 C10 25 83	47 PF, 10%, 500V,	493-110470-133	C152,153	500 PF, 20% 5 KV,	D47-201084	Rj0j	330 Ohm, 2 Watt	451-652331		
107	Mica			Ceramit			100 Ohm	451-252101		
C11,13,14,	0.01 μF, 20%, 500V,	047-100354	C156A,B,	Variabje, 1.OAD	048-000829		220 Ohm, 1 With	451-352221		
27,28,29,	Ceramic		C C158 205	220 PF, 10% 5DOV,	409 110921 134		2.7 Ohm 4700 Ohm, 1 Walt	451-252027 451-352472	Ji -	
31,34,38,3			C198 209	Mica	489-110551-124	R113	27K Ohm	451-252273		
40,41,41,0	2,57,58,61,85,75, 2,93,95,96,109,		C180	0,002 AF, 20%, 6 KV	D47-1D10B5	R114	Variable, 25K Ohm, 20%	025-002898	12	5
115 118 14	0,143,162,168.			Ceramic	-	• • • •	1/3 Watt, BIAS		***	
173,179,18	0,181,182,186,		C174	120 PF, 5% 500V,	493-110121-234		AD1		33 .	
187,194,20	0,206,207,		_	Mica	1-0 -0001 001		5800 Obn(	451-252562 451-352823	J4,7 .	•
209,198		001.000	C175	300 PF, 5%, 500v,	493-110301-234	R119,159	82K Ohm, 1 Watt	025 002D64	35	(
C12,38,43.	0.1 μF, ·80%20%.	047-001428	C177	Mica 85 PF, 5%, 500V,	493-110650-234	R132	Variable, 250 Ohm, 10%, 3/10 Watt	020.002004		
21,20,07,1	59 100 v. Ceramic 100 pF, 10%, 500 v,	493-140101-134	CITT	Mica	104-110000-2-		Carrier Bal		36	Ĺ
53,59,71,8	3. Mica	402.110101.101	C190	0 005 µF, 20% 500V	, 047-100442	R] 55	Variable, 10 Meguhui	025-002D66	70	(
105,106,11	3,			Ceramic			20%, 2/10 Wait,		J8	•
14,187,20	5,		C210	0.22 µF, 10%, 200V,	046-001298-094		Delay		pt	1
208,215		044 +00459		Paper			6 8 Megohnt	451-252685 451-252335	• •	
C28	variable, 1.5 PF -	044-100457		• RESISTORS		R160	3.3 Megohm 15 Olm	451-252150		
C30,42	7 PF 24 PF, 10%, 500V,	493-110240-131					10 Danie			
000,12	Mica	1	R1,2,9,18,	1 Megohm	451-252105	•All RE	SISTORS are carbon f	ηρe, 10%:	D4 4 E 3	
C35,45,68	0 02 µF, +80%, -20%,	047-100242	33,34,41,74			1/2 was	h uniesa otherwise state	1.	S1A,E	•
70,79,	500V, Ceramic		75,117,128,				GOLD O . NO MO 43 GEO		SJB	١
141,144,14	5,		129,137,136				COILS AND TRANSFO	HMERS	S <sub>1</sub> C,D,I.	١
212,217	-075 400 E00V	493-110180-131	143,144,153 154,182	<u>s,</u>		Ll	Coll, Antenna 15 Meter	050-003283	R	
C37,191	16PF, 10%, 500V Mica	484-110100-121	H3	180 Ohn(	451-252161		O II A A DO MANAGE	061 002947	S1G '	١
C44,72,88						1.2	COIL Antenna, 20 Meter			
		493-110100-531				L2 13	Coil, Antenna, 20 Meter Coil, Antenna, 40 Meter	051-003345	S1.I,K	١
	10 PF, ±0.5 PF,	493-110100-531	R4A,B and R64A,B	Variable, Dual, 500F and 10K, RF & AF	025-002063	1 3 L4	Coil, Antenna, 40 Meter Coil, Antenna, 80 Meter	051-003345 051-003346	S1J,K S2	!
97,138,154 C48,54	10 PF, ±0.5 PF,	493-110100-531 493-110200-131	R4A,B and R64A,B R5,17,20.	Variable, Dual, 500k		13 L4 L5	Coil, Antenna, 40 Meter Coil, Antenna, 80 Meter Coil, Antenna, 10 Meter	051-003345 051-003346 051-003531	S1J,K S2 S3	1
97,138,154 C48,54, 110	10 PF, ±0.5 PF, 500V, Mica 20 PF, 10%, 500V, Mica	493.110200-131	R4A,B and R64A,B R5,17,20, 42,45,57,	Variable, Dual, 500F and 10K, RF & AF	025-002063	1 3 L4 L5 I.8,17,20,	Coil, Antenna, 40 Meter Coil, Antenna, 80 Meter Coil, Antenna, 10 Meter Choke, RF, 10 MH	051-003345 051-003346	S1J,K S2 S3	1
97,138,154 C48,54	10 PF, ±0.5 PF, 500V, Mica 20 PF, 10%, 500V, Mica 33 PF, 10%, 500V,		R4A,B and R64A,B R5,17,20, 42,45,57, 85,111,125,	Variable, Dual, 500h and 10K, RF & AF 100K Ohm	025-002063	1 3 L4 L5 I.8,17,20, 25,29,35,36	Coil, Antenna, 40 Mayer Coil, Antenna, 80 Meter Coil, Antenna, 10 Meter Choke, RF, 10 MH	051-003345 051-003348 051-003531 053-000580	S1J,K S2 S3 S4	
97,138,154 C48,54, 110 C48	10 PF, ±0.5 PF, 500V, Mica 20 PF, 10%, 500V, Mica 33 PF, 10%, 500V, Mica	493.110200-131 493-110330-133	R4A,B and R64A,B R5,17,20, 42,45,57, 85,111,125, 141,148,101	Variable, Dual, 500F and LOK, RF & AF 100K Ohm	625-002063 451-252104	13 L4 L5 1.6,17,20, 25,29,35,36 L7,30	Coil, Antenna, 40 Merer Coil, Antenna, 80 Meter Coil, Antenna, 10 Meter Choke, RF, 10 MH	051-003345 051-003346 051-003531	S1J,K S2 S3 S4	1
97,138,154 C48,54, 110	10 PF, ±0.5 PF, 500V, Mica 20 PF, 10%, 500V, Mica 33 PF, 10%, 500V, Mica 5 PF, ±0.5 PF,	493.110200-131	R4A,B and R64A,B R5,17,20, 42,45,57, 85,111,125, 141,148,101 R8,29,71,, 115	Variable, Dual, 500k and 10K, RF & AF 100K Ohm 33K Ohm	451-252104 451-252332	13 L4 L5 1.6,17,20, 25,29,35,36 L7,30 L6,31 L9,32	Coil, Antenna, 40 Meter Coil, Antenna, 80 Meter Coil, Antenna, 10 Meter Choke, RF, 10 MH Coil, RF, 10 Meter Coil, RF, 15 Meter Coil, RF, 20 Meter	051-003345 051-003346 051-003531 053-000580 051-003532 051-003349 051-003342	S1J,K S2 S3 S4	1
97,138,154 C48,54, 110 C48	10 PF, ±0.5 PF, 500V, Mica 20 PF, 10%, 500V, Mica 33 PF, 10%, 500V, Mica	493.110200-131 493-110330-133	R4A,B and R64A,B R5,17,20, 42,45,57, 85,111,125, 141,148,101 R8 29,71, 115 R7,39,58.	Variable, Dual, 500k and 10K, RF & AF 100K Ohm 33K Ohm	625-002063 451-252104	13 L4 L5 I.8,17,20, 25,29,35,36 L7,30 L8,31 L9,32 L10,33	Coil, Antenna, 40 Meter Coil, Antenna, 80 Meter Coil, Antenna, 10 Meter Choke, RF, 10 MH Coil, RF, 10 Meter Coil, RF, 15 Meter Coil, RF, 20 Meter	051-003345 051-003348 051-003531 053-000580 0 <sub>01</sub> -003532 051-003349 051-003342 051-003340	S1.J,K S2 S3 S4	
97,138,154 C48,54, 110 C46 C49	10 PF, ±0.5 PF, 500V, Mica 20 PF, 10%, 500V, Mica 33 PF, 10%, 500V, Mica 5 PF, ±0.5 PF, 500V, Mica 110 PF, 10%, 500V, Mica	493.110200-131 493-110330-133 493-110050-531 493-110111-134	R4A.B and R64A,B R5,17,20, 42,45,57, 85,111,125, 141,148,101 R8 29,71, 115 R7,39,58, 89,82,95 98	Variable, Dual, 500k and 10K, RF & AF 100K Ohm 33K Ohm	451-252104 451-252332	13 L4 L5 I.6,17,20, 25,28,35,36 L7,30 L6,31 L9,32 L10,33 L11,34	Coil, Antenna, 40 Meter Coil, Antenna, 80 Meter Coil, Antenna, 10 Meter Choke, RP, 10 Meter Coil, RF, 15 Meter Coil, RF, 15 Meter Coil, RF, 40 Meter Coil, RF, 80 Meter	051-003345 051-003348 051-003531 053-000580 0 <sub>01</sub> -003532 051-003349 051-003340 051-003340	S1J,K S2 S3 S4	1
97,138,154 C48,54, 110 C48 C49	10 PF, ±0.5 PF, 500V, Mica 20 PF, 10%, 500V, Mica 33 PF, 10%, 500V, Mica 5 PF, ±0.5 PF, 500V, Mica 110 PF, 10%, 500V, Mica 82 PF, 10%, 500V,	493.110200-131 493-110330-133 493-110050.531	R4A,B and R64A,B R5,17,20, 42,45,57, 85,111,125, 141,148,10, R6 29,71, 115, R7,39,58, 89,82,95,98, 87,112,	Variable, Dual, 500k and 10K, RF & AF 100K Ohm 33K Ohm	451-252104 451-252332	13 L4 L5 I.8,17,20, 25,29,35,36 L7,30 L8,31 L9,32 L10,33	Coil, Antenna, 40 Meter Coil, Antenna, 80 Meter Coil, Antenna, 10 Meter Choke, RF, 10 Meter Coil, RF, 10 Meter Coil, RF, 20 Meter Coil, RF, 40 Meter Coil, RF, 40 Meter Coil, RF, 80 Meter	051-003345 051-003348 051-003531 053-000580 0 <sub>01</sub> -003532 051-003349 051-003342 051-003340	S1J,K S2 S3 S4	1
97,138,154 C48,54, 110 C46 C49 C80	10 PF, 40.5 PF, 500V, Mica 20 PF, 10%, 500V, Mica 33 PF, 10%, 500V, Mica 5 PF, 40.5 PF, 500V, Mica 110 PF, 10%, 500V, Mica 82 PF, 10%, 500V, Mica 82 PF, 10%, 500V, Mica	493.110200-131 493-110330-133 493-110050-531 493-110111-134 493.110820-134	R4A.B and R64A,B R5,17,20. 42,45,57, 85,111,125, 141,148,151 R6 29,71, 115 R7.39,58, 89,82,95 98 97,112, 145,147	Variable, Dual, 500k and 10K, RF & AF 100K Ohm 33K Ohm 220K Ohm	451-252104 451-252332	13 L4 L5 1.8,17,20, 25,28,35,36 L7,30 L8,31 L9,32 L10,33 L11,34 L;2	Coll, Antenna, 40 Meter Coll, Antenna, 80 Meter Coll, Antenna, 10 Meter Coll, RF, 10 Meter Coll, RF, 15 Meter Coll, RF, 26 Meter Coll, RF, 20 Meter Coll, RF, 40 Meter Coll, RF, 40 Meter Coll, RF, 86 Meter Coll, RF, 17ap, 8-85 MC	051-003345 051-003348 051-003531 053-000580 0 <sub>01</sub> -003532 051-003349 051-003340 051-003340	S1J,K S2 S3 S4 S5	1
97,138,154 C48,54, 110 C46 C49	10 PF, 40.5 PF, 500V, Mica 20 PF, 10%, 500V, Myca 33 PF, 10%, 500V, Mica 10 PF, 10%, 500V, Mica 10 PF, 10%, 500V, Mica 0022 RF, 10%, 500V, Mica 0022 RF, 10%, 500V, Mica	493.110200-131 493-110330-133 493-110050-531 493-110111-134	R4A,B and R64A,B R5,17,20, 42,45,57, 85,111,125, 141,148,10, R6 29,71, 115, R7,39,58, 89,82,95,98, 87,112,	Variable, Dual, 500k and 10K, RF & AF 100K Ohm 33K Ohm 220K Ohm	451-252194 451-252194 451-252337 451-252224 451-252222	13 L4 L5 I.6,17,20, 25,28,35,36 L7,30 L6,31 L9,32 L10,33 L11,34	Coll., Antenna., 40 Meter Coll, Antenna., 80 Meter Coll., Angerna., 10 Meter Coll. RF, 10 Meter Coll. RF, 15 Meter Coll. RF, 20 Meter Coll. RF, 26 Meter Coll. RF, 86 Meter Coll. RF, 86 Meter Coll. RF, 186 Meter Coll. RF, 186 Meter Coll. RF, 187 M	051-003346 051-003534 051-003531 053-000580 031-003582 051-003349 051-003340 051-003340 051-003340 050-001068	S1J,K S2 S3 S4 S5	1
97,138,154 C48,54, 110 C48 C49 C60 C73	10 PF, 40.5 PF, 500V, Milea 20 PF, 10%, 500V, Milea 33 PF, 10%, 500V, Milea 5 PF, 500V, Milea 10 PF, 10%, 500V, Milea 600V, Milea 6000Z HF, 10%, 500V, Milea 600V, Milea 600V, Milea 600V, Milea 600V, Milea 600V, Milea 600V, Paper	493-110200-131 493-110330-133 493-110050-531 493-110111-134 493-110820-134 048-001434-304	R4A.B and R64A.B R5,17,20. 42,45,57, 85,111,125, 141,148,19; R6,29,71, 115 R7,39,58, 89,82,95,98 97,112, 145,147 R13,73,142	Variable, Dual, 500k and 10K, RF & AF 100K Ohm 33K Ohm 220K Ohm	451-25232 451-25224	13 L4 L5 L8,17,20 25,28,35,36 L7,36 L6,51 L9,32 L10,33 L11,34 L12 L13,22,37 L14,23 L15	Coll, Antenna, 40 Meter Coll, Antenna, 10 Meter Coll, Agrenna, 10 Meter Coll, RF, 10 Meter Coll, RF, 15 Meter Coll, RF, 26 Meter Coll, RF, 26 Meter Coll, RF, 80 Meter Coll, RF, 80 Meter Coll, RF, 17 me, 8-85 MC Choke, RF, 100 µH Choke, RF, 27 µH	051-003348 051-003531 053-000580 051-003580 051-003549 051-003349 051-003349 051-003341 050-001068 053-000688	S1J,K S2 S3 S4 S5	1
97,138,154, C48,54, 110 C46 C49 C80 C73 C55,80 C84,85,86 67,157,161	10 PF, 40.5 PF, 500V, Mica 20 PF, 10%, 500V, Mica 33 PF, 10%, 500V, Mica 10 PF, 10%, 500V, Mica 22 PF, 10%, 500V, Mica 00022 RF, 10%, 600V, Paper 1500 PF Feed-Thrn	493-110200-131 493-110330-133 493-110050-531 493-110111-134 493-110820-134 048-001434-304	R4A.B and R64A,B R5,17,20. 42,45,57. 85,111,125, 141,148,101 R6,29,71, 115 R7,39,58, 69,812,95,96 89,112, 145,147 R8,10,47 60,62,71,	Variable, Dual, 500t and 10K, 8F & AF 100K Ohm 33K Ohm 220K Ohm ,	451-252194 451-252194 451-252337 451-252224 451-252222	13 L4 L5 L8,17,20 25,29,55,36 L7,30 L6,31 L9,32 L10,33 L11,34 L12 L13,22,37 L14,22 L15,5	Coll, Antenna, 40 Meter Coll, Antenna, 80 Meter Coll, Antenna, 10 Meter Coll, RF, 10 Meter Coll, RF, 10 Meter Coll, RF, 20 Meter Coll, RF, 80 Meter Coll, RF, 80 Meter Coll, RF, 80 Meter Coll, RF, 80 Meter Coll, RF, 100 µH Choke, RF, 20 µH Variable, Coll, 1850 KC Coll, 191 Coll, 191 Col	051-003345 051-003531 053-000580 053-000580 051-0035\$2 051-003349 051-003340 051-003340 051-003340 050-001068 053-000686 050-000801 050-000877	S1J,K S2 S3 S4 S5	1
97,138,154 C48,54, 110 C48 C49 C80 C73 C55,80 C84,85,86 67,157,167,167,165,169	10 PF, 40.5 PF 500V, Mica 20 PF, 10%, 500V, Mica 33 PF, 10%, 500V, Mica 10 PF, 10%, 500V, Mica 82 PF, 10%, 500V, Mica 0 0022 #F, 10%, 600V, 600V, Paper 100V, Paper	493-110200-131 493-110330-133 493-11050-531 493-110111-134 493-110820-134 046-001434-304 047-100602	R4A B and R64A, B R5, 17, 20, 42, 45, 57, 85, 111, 125, 141, 144, 151, 175, 175, 187, 197, 197, 197, 197, 197, 197, 197, 19	Variable, Dual, 500t and 10K, RF & AF 100K Ohm 33K Ohm 220K Ohm , , , , 2200 Ohm	451-252222 451-252472	13 L4 L5 L8,17,20 25,28,35,36 L7,30 L8,51 L19,32 L10,33 L11,34 L12 L13,22,37 L14,23 L15 L16 L16	Coll, Antenna, 40 Meter Coll, Antenna, 80 Meter Coll, Angenna, 10 Meter Coll, RF, 10 Meter Coll, RF, 15 Meter Coll, RF, 26 Meter Coll, RF, 26 Meter Coll, RF, 80 Meter Coll, RF, 80 Meter Coll, RF, 80 Meter Coll, RF, 17mp, 8-65 MC Coll, RF, 17mp, 8-65 MC Coll, RF, 17mp, 8-65 MC Coll, RF, 17mp, 1	061-003346 061-003346 061-003580 063-000580 01-003552 051-003342 051-003342 051-003341 051-003341 050-001068 063-000801 060-000801 060-000801	S1J,K S2 S3 S4 S5	1
97,138,154 C48,54, 110 C48 C49 C60 C73 C55,80 C84,85,86 67,157,16; 166,169 C89,138.	10 PF, 40.5 PF, 500V, Mica 20 PF, 10%, 500V, Mica 33 PF, 10%, 500V, Mica 10 PF, 10%, 500V, Mica 62 PF, 10%, 500V, Mica 600V, Paper 1500 PF Feed-Thrn Variable, 5 PF-25 P	493-110200-131 493-110330-133 493-110050-531 493-110111-134 493-110820-134 048-001434-304 047-100602	R4A,B and R64A,B R5,17,20, 42,45,57, 85,111,125, 141,148,131,15, 17,39,58, 69,71,12, 145,147, R13,73,142, 60,67,71,36,113,133	Variable, Dual, 500t and 10K, 8F & AF 100K Ohm 33K Ohm 220K Ohm ,	451-252194 451-252194 451-252337 451-252224 451-252222	13 L4 L5 L8,17,20, 25,29,35,36 L7,30 L8,31 L9,32 L10,33 L11,34 L12 L13,22,37 L14,23 L15 L16 L16	Coll, Antenna, 40 Meter Coil, Antenna, 80 Meter Coil, Antenna, 10 Meter Coil, R. 10 Meter Coil, RF, 10 Meter Coil, RF, 10 Meter Coil, RF, 20 Meter Coil, RF, 80 Meter Coil, RF, 100 Meter Coil, RF, 100 Meter Coil, RF, 27 Meter Coil, RF, 88 Meter Coil, RF, 87 Meter Coil, RF, 87 Meter Coil, RF, 88 Meter Coil, Hererodyne Osc	061-003346 061-003346 061-003580 063-000580 01-003582 051-003342 051-003342 051-003341 051-00341 053-001068 063-000801 060-000801 060-002416	S1J,K S2 S3 S4 S5	1
97,138,154 C48,54, 110 C49 C80 C73 C55,80 C84,85,86 67,157,161 166,169 C89,136,	10 PF, 40.5 PF, 500V, Mica 20 PF, 10%, 500V, Mica 33 PF, 10%, 500V, Mica 5 PF, 40.5 PF, 500V, Mica 10 PF, 10%, 500V, Mica 600V, Paper 10%, 600V, Paper 1500 PF Feed-Thrn Variable, 5 PF-25 P Trimmer	493.110200-131 493-110330-133 493-11050.531 493-110111-134 493-110820-134 046-001434-304 047-100602 F. 044-100473	R4A B and R64A, B R5, 17, 20, 42, 45, 57, 85, 111, 125, 141, 148, 151 R7, 39, 58, 89, 22, 95, 96, 112, 145, 147, 113, 73, 142, 145, 147, 113, 134, 125, 25, 25, 26, 26, 27, 21, 27, 136, 131, 134, 12, 25, 27, 27, 27, 27, 27, 27, 27, 27, 28, 27, 28, 27, 28, 28, 29, 29, 29, 29, 29, 29, 29, 29, 29, 29	Variable, Dual, 500t and 10K, RF & AF 100K Ohm 33K Ohm 220K Ohm 2200 Ohm 4700 Ohm 470 Ohm	451-252222 451-252472	13 L4 L5 L8,17,20, 25,29,35,36 L7,30 L8,31 L9,32 L10,33 L11,34 L12 L13,22,37 L14,23 L15 L16 L18 L19 L21	Coll, Antenna, 40 Meter Coil, Antenna, 80 Meter Coil, Antenna, 10 Meter Coil, Antenna, 10 Meter Coil, RF, 10 Meter Coil, RF, 10 Meter Coil, RF, 20 Meter Coil, RF, 80 Meter Coil, RF, 100 Meter Coil, RF, 100 Meter Coil, RF, 100 Meter Coil, RF, 100 Meter Coil, RF, 27 Meter Coil, RF, 28 Meter Coil, RF	061-003346 051-003346 051-003531 053-000580 031-003552 051-003349 051-003349 051-003340 051-003340 051-003340 051-003340 051-003340 051-003840 053-000801 053-000801 050-0012477 050-0012475 050-002370 050-002328	S1J,K S2 S3 S4 S5	1
97,138,154 C48,54, 110 C48 C49 C60 C73 C55,80 C84,85,86 67,157,16; 166,169 C89,138.	10 PF, 40.5 PF, 500V, Mica 20 PF, 10%, 500V, Mica 33 PF, 10%, 500V, Mica 10 PF, 10%, 500V, Mica 22 PF, 10%, 500V, Mica 600V, Paper 10%, 600V, Paper 1500 PF Feed-Thrn Variable, 5 PF-25 PTrimmer 120 PF, 10%, 500V, Mica Mica 600V, Paper 1500 PF Feed-Thrn Variable, 5 PF-25 PTrimmer 120 PF, 10%, 500V, Mica Mica 600V, Paper 1500 PF, 10%, 500V, Mica 600V, Paper 1500 PF, Feed-Thrn 600 PF, 10%, 500V, Mica 600V, M	493.110200-131 493-110330-133 493-11050.531 493-110111-134 493-110820-134 046-001434-304 047-100602 F. 044-100473	R4A B and R64A,B R5,17,20,B R5,17,20,42,45,57,785,111,125,141,145,147,115,147,147,147,147,147,147,147,147,147,147	Variable, Dual, 500t and 100, RF & AF 190K Ohm 33K Ohm 220K Ohm , 2200 Ohm 4700 Ohm 470 Ohm	451-252224 451-252224 451-252224 451-252222 451-252222 451-252472 451-252471 451-252473	13 L4 L5 L8,17,20, 25,28,35,36 L7,30 L8,51 L9,32 L10,33 L11,34 L12 L13,22,37 L14,23 L15 L16 L18 L19 L21 L24 L24 L26	Cott, Antenna, 40 Meter Cott, Antenna, 80 Meter Cott, Angenna, 10 Meter Cott, Angenna, 10 Meter Cott, RF, 10 Meter Cott, RF, 20 Meter Cott, RF, 20 Meter Cott, RF, 80 Meter Cott, RF, 80 Meter Cott, RF, 80 Meter Cott, RF, 17mp, 8-65 MC Cott, RF, 100 µH Choke, RF, 27 µH Choke, RF, 100 µH Cott, IF Cott,	061-003346 051-003346 051-003532 053-000580 0 <sub>1</sub> -00352 051-003342 051-003342 051-003341 050-00168 053-00084 053-000801 050-00201 050-002416 050-002416 050-002416 050-002416	S1J,K S2 S3 S4 S5	1
97,138,154 C48,54, 110 C48 C49 C80 C73 C55,80 C84,85,86 67,157,16; 166,169 C89,138, 139,192 C90	10 PF, 40.5 PF, 500V, Mica 20 PF, 10%, 500V, Mica 33 PF, 10%, 500V, Mica 5 PF, 40.5 PF, 500V, Mica 10 PF, 10%, 500V, Mica 600V, Paper 10%, 600V, Paper 1500 PF Feed-Thrn Variable, 5 PF-25 P Trimmer	493.110200-131 493-110330-133 493-11050.531 493-110111-134 493-110820-134 046-001434-304 047-100602 F. 044-100473	R4A.B and R64A.B R5, 17, 20, 42, 45, 57, 85, 111, 125, 141, 148, 101, 115, 115, 115, 115, 115, 115, 115	Variable, Dual, 500t and 10%, RF & AF 100K Ohm 33K Ohm 220K Ohm 2200 Ohm 4700 Ohm 470 Ohm 470K Ohm	451-25233 451-252224 451-252224 451-252222 451-252472 451-252471	13 L4 L5 L8,17,20 25,28,35,36 L7,30 L8,32 L10,32 L10,33 L11,34 L12 L13,22,37 L14,23 L15 L16 L18 L19 L21 L24 L26 L27,28	Coll, Antenna, 40 Meter Coil, Antenna, 80 Meter Coil, Angenna, 10 Meter Coil, Agrenna, 10 Meter Coil, RF, 10 Meter Coil, RF, 15 Meter Coil, RF, 20 Meter Coil, RF, 80 Meter Coil, RF, 100 µH Choke, RF, 100 µH Coil, HF Coil, HF Coil, HF Coil, HE Coil, H	061-003346 051-003346 051-003580 053-000580 051-003582 051-003349 051-003349 051-003340 051-00	S1J,K S2 S3 S4 S5	1
97,138,154 C48,54, 110 C48 C49 C80 C73 C55,80 C84,85,86 67,157,161 168,169 C89,138, 139,192 C90 C94,185, 137,195	10 PF, 40.5 PF, 500V, Mica 20 PF, 10%, 500V, Myca 33 PF, 10%, 500V, Myca 110 PF, 10%, 500V, Mica 20 PF, 10%, 500V, Mica 100 PF, 10%, 500V, Mica 100 PF Feed-Thrn, Variable, 5 PF-25 PTrimmer 120 PF, 10%, 500V, Mica 01, 40, 500V, Paper 120 PF, 10%, 500V, Mica 01, 40, 500V, Paper 120 PF, 10%, 500V, Mica 01, 40, 500V, Paper 120 PF, 10%, 500V, Mica 01, 40, 500V, Paper 10%, 200V, Paper 10%, 200V, Paper 10%, 500V, Mica 01, 40, 500V, Paper 10%, 500V, Pa	493-110200-131 493-110300-133 493-110050-531 493-110111-134 493-110820-134 046-001434-304 047-100602 F, 044-100473 493-110121-134 046-001294-004	R4A B and R64A, B R5, 17, 20, 42, 45, 57, 20, 42, 45, 57, 85, 111, 125, 141, 144, 115, 115, 115, 115, 112, 114, 114, 114, 114, 114, 114, 114	Variable, Dual, 500t and 10%, RF & AF 100K Ohm 33K Ohm 220K Ohm 2200 Ohm 4700 Ohm 470 Ohm 470K Ohm	451-252224 451-252224 451-252224 451-252222 451-252222 451-252472 451-252471 451-252473	13 L4 L5 L8,17,20, 25,28,35,36 L7,30 L8,51 L9,32 L10,33 L11,34 L12 L13,22,37 L14,23 L15 L16 L18 L19 L21 L24 L24 L26	Cott, Antenna, 40 Meter Cott, Antenna, 80 Meter Cott, Angenna, 10 Meter Cott, Rf. 10 Meter Cott, Rf. 15 Meter Cott, Rf. 15 Meter Cott, Rf. 26 Meter Cott, Rf. 40 Meter Cott, Rf. 40 Meter Cott, Rf. 40 Meter Cott, Rf. 46 Meter Cott, Rf. 76 Meter Cott, Rf. 100 µH Choke, Rf. 27 µH Choke, Rf. 20 µH Choke, Rf. 80 µH Choke, Rf. 50 µH Cott, IF	061-003346 051-003346 051-003532 053-000580 0 <sub>1</sub> -00352 051-003342 051-003342 051-003341 050-00168 053-00084 053-000801 050-00201 050-002416 050-002416 050-002416 050-002416	S1J,K S2 S3 S4 S5	1
97,138,154 C48,54, 110 C49 C60 C73 C55,80 C84,85,86 67,157,161 168,169 C69,138, 139,192 C90 C94,185,	10 PF, 40.5 PF, 500V, Mica 20 PF, 10%, 500V, Mica 33 PF, 10%, 500V, Mica 10 PF, 10%, 500V, Mica 82 PF, 10%, 500V, Mica 600V, Paper 1500 PF Feed-Thrn Variable, 5 PF-25 PTrimmer 120 PF, 10%, 500V, Mica 0 Quantity 100 PF, 10%, 500V, Mica 0 Quantity 100 PF, 10%, 500V, Mica 0 Quantity 100 PF, 10%, 500V, Mica 20 PF, 10%, 500V, Paper 22 PF, 5%, 500V,	493.110200-131 493-110300-133 493-11050.531 493-110111-134 493-110820-134 046-001434-304 047-100602 F, 044-100473 493-110121-134	R4A.B and R64A.B R5, 17, 20, 24, 45, 17, 20, 42, 46, 57, 85, 111, 125, 141, 148, 101, 115, 115, 115, 115, 115, 115, 117, 115, 117, 118, 117, 118, 117, 118, 117, 118, 117, 118, 118	Variable, Dual, 500t and 10%, RF & AF 100K Ohm 33K Ohm 220K Ohm 2200 Ohm 4700 Ohm 470 Ohm 470K Ohm	451-25233 451-25233 451-252224 451-252222 451-252472 451-252471 461-252473 451-252474	13 L4 L5 L8,17,20 25,28,35,36 L7,30 L8,31 L9,32 L10,33 L11,34 L12 L13,22,37 L14,23 L15 L16 L19 L21 L24 L26 L27,28 T1,2	Coll, Antenna, 40 Meter Coil, Antenna, 80 Meter Coil, Angenna, 10 Meter Coil, Angenna, 10 Meter Coil, RF, 10 Meter Coil, RF, 16 Meter Coil, RF, 20 Meter Coil, RF, 80 Meter Coil, RF, 100 µH Choke, RF, 27 µH Variable, Coil, 1650 KC Coil, 17 Coil, 18 Coi	061-003346 061-003346 061-003580 063-000580 053-000580 051-003349 061-003342 051-003340 061-003340 061-003340 061-003340 061-003340 061-003340 063-000801 060-000801 060-000801 060-002320 060-002416 060-002328 053-200428 053-200428	S1J,K S2 S3 S4 S5	1
97,188,154, C48,54, C10,C48 C49 C80 C75 C55,80 C84,85,86,77,157,161,68,169 C89,138,192 C90 C94,185,185,192 C90 C94,185,185	10 PF, 40.5 PF, 500V, Mica 20 PF, 10%, 500V, Myca 33 PF, 10%, 500V, Myca 50V, Myca 110 PF, 10%, 500V, Mica 10 PF, 10%, 500V, Mica 100V, Paper 1000 PF Feed-Thrn, Variable, 5 PF-25 PTrimmer 120 PF, 10%, 500V, Mica 0 1 µF, 10%, 500V, Paper 20 PF, 5%, 500V, Mica 10 PF, 50%, 500V, Mica 10 PF, 50%, 500V, Mica 10 PF, 50%, 500V, Mica 10 PF, 5%, 500V, Mica 10 PF, 50%, 500V, Mica 10 PF, 5%, 500V, Mica 10 PF, 5%, 500V, Mica 10 PF, 50%, 500V, Mica 10	493-110200-131 493-110300-133 493-110111-134 493-110820-134 046-001434-304 047-100602 F, 044-100473 493-11021-134 046-001294-004 493-110220-231	R4A B and R64A, B R5, 17, 20, 42, 45, 57, 20, 42, 45, 57, 85, 111, 125, 141, 144, 147, 147, 147, 147, 147, 147	Variable, Dual, 500t and 10%, RF & AF 100K Ohm 33K Ohm 220K Ohm 2200 Ohm 4700 Ohm 470 Ohm 470K Ohm	451-252224 451-252224 451-252224 451-252222 451-252222 451-252472 451-252471 451-252473	13 L4 L5 L8,17,20 25,28,35,36 L7,30 L8,32 L10,32 L10,33 L11,34 L12 L13,22,37 L14,23 L15 L16 L18 L19 L21 L24 L26 L27,28	Coll, Antenna, 40 Meter Coll, Antenna, 80 Meter Coll, Angenna, 10 Meter Coll, Rf, 10 Meter Coll, RF, 15 Meter Coll, RF, 26 Meter Coll, RF, 26 Meter Coll, RF, 40 Meter Coll, RF, 40 Meter Coll, RF, 40 Meter Coll, RF, 86 Meter Coll, RF, 100 µH Choke, RF, 27 µH Choke, RF, 27 µH Warlable, Coll, 1850 KC Coll, 1950 Coll, 450 Coll,	061-003346 051-003346 051-003580 053-000580 051-003582 051-003349 051-003349 051-003340 051-00	S1J,K S2, S2, S3 S4 S5 S6 B1	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
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97,186,154, C48,54, C10,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,	10 PF, 40.5 PF, 500V, Mica 20 PF, 10%, 500V, Mica 33 PF, 10%, 500V, Mica 110 PF, 10%, 500V, Paper 120 PF, 10%, 500V, Mica 01, 40%, 500V, Mica 01, 40%, 500V, Mica 01, 40%, 500V, Mica 10, 40%, 500V, Mica 10, 500V	493-110200-131 493-110300-133 493-11050-531 493-110111-134 493-110820-134 048-001434-304 047-100602 F, 044-100473 493-110121-134 046-001294-004 493-110220-231	R4A B and R64A, B R5, 17, 20, 42, 45, 57, 20, 42, 45, 57, 85, 111, 125, 141, 144, 115, 115, 115, 115, 115, 11	Variable, Dual, 500t and 100, RF & AF 190K Ohm 33K Ohm 220K Ohm , 2200 Ohm 4706 Ohm 470 Ohm 470K Ohm 68K Ohm	451-25233 451-25233 451-252224 451-252222 451-252472 451-252471 461-252473 451-252474	13 L4 L5 L8,17,20 25,28,35,36 L7,36 L8,51 L9,32 L10,33 L11,34 L12 L13,22,37 L14,23 L15 L16 L19 L21 L24 L26 L27,28 T1,2 T3 T4,6	Coll, Antenna, 40 Meter Coil, Antenna, 80 Meter Coil, Angenna, 10 Meter Coil, Agrenna, 10 Meter Coil, RF, 10 Meter Coil, RF, 15 Meter Coil, RF, 20 Meter Coil, RF, 20 Meter Coil, RF, 80 Meter Coil, RF, 100 µH Choke, RF, 27 µH Choke, Parasitic Transformer, II Bandpass Transformer, II 1650 KC Transformer IF 1650 KC Transformer IF Bal, Mod.	061-003346 051-003346 051-003580 051-003580 051-003582 051-003342 051-003342 051-003349 051-003341 051-003341 050-001068 053-000844 053-000801 050-001245 050-002370 050-002410 050-002328 050-002410 050-002410 050-002410 050-002410 050-002410 050-002410 050-002410 050-002410 050-002410	S1J,K S2 S3 S4 S5 S6	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
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97,189,154, 110,048,048,110,048,048,048,048,048,048,048,048,048,04	10 PF, 40.5 PF, 500V, Mica 20 PF, 10%, 500V, Mica 33 PF, 10%, 500V, Mica 10 PF, 10%, 500V, Mica 110 PF, 10%, 500V, Mica 600V, Paper 1500 PF, 10%, 500V, Mica 100 PF, 10%, 500V, Mica 100 PF, 10%, 500V, Mica 10 PF, 10%, 500V, Mica 10 PF, 10%, 500V, Mica 10 PF, 5%, 500V, Mica 18 PF, 5%, 500V, Mica 18 PF, 5%, 500V, Mica 18 PF, 5%, 500V, Mica 20 PF, 10%, 500V, NPO, CETAMICA 20 PF, 5%, 500V, Mica 20 PF, 5%, 500V, Mica 20 PF, 10%, 500V, NPO, CETAMICA 20 PF, 5%, 500V, Mica 20 PF, 5%, 500V, NPO, CETAMICA 500V, NPO, CETAMICA 500V, MICA 500V, NPO, CETAMICA 500V,	493.110200-131 493-110330-133 493-110050.531 493-110111-134 493-110820-134 046-001434-304 047-100602 F, 044-100473 493-110121-134 046-001294-004 493-110220-231 493-110180-231 493-110231-234 493-110220-131 493-110220-131	R4A B and R64A, B R5, 17, 20, 42, 44, 57, 85, 111, 125, 141, 144, 115, 116, 126, 127, 128, 128, 129, 129, 129, 129, 129, 129, 129, 129	Variable, Dual, 5006 and 100, RF & AF 100K Ohm  33K Ohm 220K Ohm  2200 Ohm 4706 Ohm 470 Ohm 470K Ohm 470K Ohm 1000 Ohm  220 Uhm 8800 Ohm Variable, 500K Ohm Variable, 500K Ohm NOISE BLANKER 10K Ohm 10K Ohm	451-252224  451-252224  451-252224  451-252222  451-252472  451-252473  451-252474  451-252474  451-252683  451-252221  451-252222  451-252288	13 L4 L5 L8,17,20, 25,28,35,36 L7,30 L8,31 L9,32 L10,33 L11,34 L12 L13,22,37 L14,23 L15 L16 L19 L21 L24 L26 L27,28 T1.2 T3 T4,6 T5 L38 L39 LLECTR V1 V2,3,5,7,8,11	Coll, Antenna, 40 Meter Coll, Antenna, 80 Meter Coll, Angenna, 10 Meter Coll, Agrenna, 10 Meter Coll, RF, 10 Meter Coll, RF, 15 Meter Coll, RF, 20 Meter Coll, RF, 20 Meter Coll, RF, 80 Meter Coll, RF, 100 µH Choke, RF, 27 µH Coll, PC Coll, 1850 KC Coll, 1850 KC Transformer IF 1850 KC Transformer IF 1850 KC Transformer, Audio Cottput Choke, RF 50 MM Coll, 6.5 MC Trap ON TUBES, BIODES, AN Tube, Type 12 LT7 Tube, Type 12 LT7	061-003346 061-003346 061-003532 061-003582 061-003342 061-003342 061-003342 061-003341 061-003341 061-003341 061-003341 061-003341 061-00341	S1J,K S2, S3 S4 S5 S6 B1	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
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97,189,154, 110,048,048,110,048,048,048,048,048,048,048,048,048,04	10 pf, 40.5 pf, 500V, Mica 20 pf, 10%, 500V, Mica 33 pf, 10%, 500V, Mica 33 pf, 10%, 500V, Mica 10 pf, 10%, 500V, Mica 600V, Paper 10%, 500V, Paper 100 pf, 500V, Mica 10 pf, 10%, 500V, Mica 10%, 500V,	493.110200-131 493-110330-133 493-110050.531 493-110111-134 493-110820-134 046-001434-304 047-100602 F, 044-100473 493-110121-134 046-001294-004 493-110220-231 493-110180-231 493-110231-234 493-110220-131 493-110220-131	R4A B and R64A, B R5, 17, 20, 42, 44, 57, 85, 111, 125, 141, 144, 115, 116, 126, 127, 128, 128, 129, 129, 129, 129, 129, 129, 129, 129	Variable, Dual, 500t and 100K, RF & AF 100K Ohm  33K Ohm 220K Ohm  220K Ohm 470 Ohm 470 Ohm 470 Ohm 470K Ohm 470K Ohm 3000 Ohm 220 Uhm 8800 Ohm Variable, 500K Ohm 30%, 1/8 Watt NOISE BLANKER 10K Ohm 3900 Ohm 2.2 Megohm 2.8 Megohm 3900 Ohm 2.8 Megohm 3900 Ohm 2.8 Megohm 3680K Ohm	451-252333 451-252333 451-252224 451-252222 451-252222 451-252472 451-252473 451-252473 451-252474 451-252474 451-252473 451-252473 451-252473 451-252473 451-252473 451-252473 451-252473 451-252473 451-252473 451-252682 451-252682 451-252682 451-252683	13 L4 L5 L8,17,20, 25,28,35,36 L7,30 L8,31 L9,32 L10,33 L11,34 L12 L13,22,37 L14,23 L15 L16 L19 L21 L24 L26 L27,28 T7. T3 T4,6 T5 L38 L39 LLECTR V1 V2,3,5,7,8, 11 V4,9,14, 19,20 V8 V10 V12	Coll, Antenna, 40 Meter Coll, Antenna, 80 Meter Coll, Angenna, 10 Meter Coll, Agrenna, 10 Meter Coll, RF, 10 Meter Coll, RF, 15 Meter Coll, RF, 20 Meter Coll, RF, 20 Meter Coll, RF, 80 Meter Coll, RF, 100 µH Choke, RF, 27 µH Coll, PC Coll	061-003346 051-003346 051-003346 051-003582 051-003582 051-003349 051-003349 051-003349 051-003349 051-003341 051-003341 051-003341 051-003341 051-003341 051-003341 051-003341 051-003341 051-003341 051-003341 051-004681 051-004681 051-004681 051-0041245 051-002328 051-002210 051-001245 051-002328 051-0022416 051-00241	S1J,K S2, S3 S4 S5 S6 B1	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
97,188,154, 110,048 C49,049,100,048 C49 C73 C55,80 C64,85,86 C75,167,161,165,169 C79,138,192 C79 C79,138,192 C79 C100,175 C101 C102 C103 C104 C117 C116,125,131,134, C119	10 pf, 40.5 pf, 500V, Mica 20 pf, 10%, 500V, Mica 33 pf, 10%, 500V, Mica 33 pf, 10%, 500V, Mica 10 pf, 10%, 500V, Mica 600V, Paper 10%, 500V, Paper 100 pf, 500V, Mica 10 pf, 10%, 500V, Mica 10%, 500V,	493.110200-131 493-110330-133 493-110050.531 493-110111-134 493.110820-134 046-001434-304 047-100602 F. 044-100473 493-110121-134 046-001294-004 493-110220-231 493.110180-231 493-121650-234 493-110331-234 493-110220-131 491.005270-022 047-001388 493-110301-324 046-000597	R4A B and R64A, B R5, 17, 20, 42, 44, 57, 785, 111, 125, 141, 144, 115, 116, 127, 128, 149, 149, 149, 149, 149, 149, 149, 149	Variable, Dual, 5006 and 100, RF & AF 190K Ohm  33K Ohm 220K Ohm  2200 Ohm 4706 Ohm 470 Ohm 470K Ohm 470K Ohm 470K Ohm  1000 Ohm  220 Ohm 8800 Ohm Variable, 500K Ohm 30%, 1/8 Watt NOISE BLANKER 10K Ohm 2.2 Megohm 880K Ohm 3900 Ohm 3900 Ohm 30K Ohm 330K Ohm 330K Ohm	451-252224  451-252224  451-252224  451-252224  451-252222  451-252472  451-252473  451-252474  451-252474  451-252102  451-252102  451-252102  451-252102	13 L4 L5 L8,17,20, 25,28,35,36 L7,30 L8,31 L10,33 L10,33 L10,33 L11,34 L12 L13,22,37 L14,23 L15 L16 L18 L19 L21 L24 L26 L27,28 T1,2 T3 T4,6 T5 L38 L39 LLECTR V1 V2,3,5,7,8, 11 V4,9,14, 19,20 V6 V10 V12 V13	Coll., Antenna, 40 Meter Coll, Antenna, 80 Meter Coll, Angerna, 10 Meter Coll, Angerna, 10 Meter Coll, RF, 10 Meter Coll, RF, 15 Meter Coll, RF, 20 Meter Coll, RF, 26 Meter Coll, RF, 26 Meter Coll, RF, 86 Meter Coll, RF, 86 Meter Coll, RF, 86 Meter Coll, RF, 86 Meter Coll, RF, 100 µH Colled, RF, 27 µH Variable, Coll, 1850 KC Coll, PF Coll, RF 5 8 µH Coll, Meter-own Osc Coll, PF	061-003346 051-003346 051-003346 051-003580 051-003580 051-003582 051-003342 051-003342 051-003342 051-003341 050-001068 063-0003341 050-001068 060-000801 060-000801 060-000801 060-000801 050-000801 050-000801 050-000801 050-000801 050-000801 050-000801 050-000801 050-000801 050-000801 050-000801 050-000801 050-000801 050-000801 060-000801 060-000801 060-000801 060-000801	S1J,K S2, S3 S4 S5 S6 B1	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
97,188,154, 110,048,049,110,048,049,110,048,049,049,049,049,049,138,139,192,049,138,139,192,049,195,197,101,049,195,197,197,197,197,197,197,197,197,197,197	10 PF, 40.5 PF, 500V, Mica 20 PF, 10%, 500V, Mica 33 PF, 10%, 500V, Mica 37 PF, 500V, Mica 5 PF, 40.5 PF, 10%, 500V, Mica 600V, Paper 10%, 500V, Paper 120 PF, 10%, 500V, Mica 70 PF, 5%, 500V, Mic	493.110200-131 493-110330-133 493-110111-134 493.110820-134 046-001434-304 047-100602 F, 044-100473 493-110121-134 046-001294-004 493-110120-231 493-110180-231 493-110331-234 493-110200-131 491.005270-022 047-001308	R4A B and R64A, B R5, 17, 20, 42, 44, 57, 85, 111, 125, 141, 144, 112, 112, 112, 112, 112, 112	Variable, Dual, 5006 and 100, RF & AF 100K Ohm  33K Ohm 220K Ohm  220K Ohm 4706 Ohm 4706 Ohm 470 Ohm 470 K Ohm 30K, 1/8 Watt 1000 Ohm 220 Chm 6800 Ohm Variable, 500K Ohm 30%, 1/8 Watt NOISE BLANKER 10K Ohm 3900 Ohm 2.2 Megchm 680K Ohm 330K Ohm	451-252333 451-252333 451-252224 451-252222 451-252222 451-252472 451-252473 451-252473 451-252474 451-252474 451-252473 451-252473 451-252473 451-252473 451-252473 451-252473 451-252473 451-252473 451-252473 451-252682 451-252682 451-252682 451-252683	13 L4 L5 L8,17,20, 25,28,35,36 L7,30 L8,31 L9,32 L10,33 L11,34 L12 L13,22,37 L14,23 L15 L16 L19 L21 L24 L26 L27,28 T7. T3 T4,6 T5 L38 L39 LLECTR V1 V2,3,5,7,8, 11 V4,9,14, 19,20 V8 V10 V12 V13 V15	Coll, Antenna, 40 Meter Coll, Antenna, 80 Meter Coll, Angenna, 10 Meter Coll, Angenna, 10 Meter Coll, RF, 10 Meter Coll, RF, 15 Meter Coll, RF, 26 Meter Coll, RF, 26 Meter Coll, RF, 80 Meter Republic RF, 80 Meter RF, 80 Mete	061-003346 051-003346 051-003346 051-003532 051-003580 051-003582 051-003342 051-003342 051-003341 050-00168 053-000841 053-000801 050-000801 050-002320 050-002320 050-001245 050-002416 090-001861	S1J,K S2, S3 S4 S5 S6 B1	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
97,189,154, 110,048,048,110,048,048,048,048,048,048,048,048,048,04	10 PF, 40.5 PF, 500V, Mica 20 PF, 10%, 500V, Mica 33 PF, 10%, 500V, Mica 110 PF, 10%, 500V, Paper 120 PF, 10%, 500V, Mica 10%, 500V, Mica 10%, 500V, Mica 20%, 500V,	493.110200-131 493-110330-133 493-110050.531 493-110111-134 493.110820-134 046-001434-304 047-100602 F. 044-100473 493-110121-134 046-001294-004 493-110220-231 493-110180-231 493-121650-234 493-110220-131 491.005270-022 047-001308 493-110301-324 046-000597 491.025470-031	R4A B and R64A, B R5, 17, 20, 42, 44, 57, 85, 111, 125, 141, 144, 115, 116, 127, 128, 129, 129, 129, 129, 129, 129, 129, 129	Variable, Dual, 500 Mand 10N, RF & AF 100K Ohm  33K Ohm  220K Ohm  220K Ohm  470C Ohm  470C Ohm  470K Ohm  470K Ohm  470K Ohm  470K Ohm  220 Ohm  880O Ohm  220 Ohm  880C Ohm  220 Ohm  880C Ohm  221 Mand Ohm  222 Ohm  880C Ohm  330K Ohm  390C Ohm  390C Ohm  390C Ohm  30K Ohm  30K Ohm  30K Ohm  30K Ohm  30K Ohm  470K	451-252224  451-252224  451-252224  451-252222  451-252472  451-252473  451-252474  451-252474  451-252102  451-252102  451-252102  451-252103	13 L4 L5 L8,17,20, 25,28,35,36 L6,31 L9,32 L10,33 L10,33 L11,34 L12 L13,22,37 L14,23 L15 L16 L18 L19 L21 L24 L26 L27,28 T7.2 T3 T4,6 T5 L38 L39 L1CTR V1,3,5,7,8, 11 V4,9,14, 19,20 V6 V10 V12 V13 V15 V16 V17	Coll, Antenna, 40 Meter Coll, Antenna, 80 Meter Coll, Angenna, 10 Meter Coll, Angenna, 10 Meter Coll, RF, 15 Meter Coll, RF, 15 Meter Coll, RF, 20 Meter Coll, RF, 26 Meter Coll, RF, 86 Meter Coll, RF, 86 Meter Coll, RF, 86 Meter Coll, RF, 86 Meter Coll, RF, 160 µH Choke, RF, 27 µH Variable, Coll, 1850 KC Coll, FF Coll, RF Trown Coll, Ferrovine Osc Coll, FF Coll, Heterodue Osc Coll, FF Choke, RF, 27 µH Variable, Coll, Heterodue Osc Coll, FF Choke, Parasitic Transformer, II Bandpass Transformer IF 1650 KC Transformer, Audio Ostput Choke, RF, 50 MH Coll, 6.5 MC Trap ON TUBES, DIODES, AN Tube, Type 12-T7 Tube, Type 12-T7 Tube, Type 20-K6 Tube, Type 3-K6-K6 Tube, Type 3-K6-	061-003346 051-003346 051-003346 051-003532 051-003580 051-003582 051-003342 051-003342 051-003341 051-003341 051-003341 051-003341 051-003341 051-003341 051-003341 051-003341 051-003341 051-003341 051-003341 051-004861 051-004861 051-004861 051-004216	S1J,K S2, S3 S4 S5 S6 B1	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
97,189,154, 110,048,048,140,140,140,140,140,140,140,140,140,140	10 PF, 40.5 PF, 500V, Mica 20 PF, 10%, 500V, Myca 33 PF, 10%, 500V, Myca 5 PP, 40.5 PF, 500V, Myca 10 PF, 10%, 500V, Myca 600V, Paper 1000 PF, 10%, 500V, Myca 10 PF, 5%, 50	493.110200-131 493-110330-133 493-110050.531 493-110111-134 493.110820-134 046-001434-304 047-100602 F. 044-100473 493-110121-134 046-001294-004 493-110220-231 493.110180-231 493-121650-234 493-110331-234 493-110220-131 491.005270-022 047-001388 493-110301-324 046-000597	R4A B and R64A, B R5, 17, 20, 42, 45, 57, 85, 111, 125, 141, 144, 115, 115, 115, 115, 115, 11	Variable, Dual, 500k and 10N, RF & AF 100K Ohm  33K Ohm 220K Ohm  220K Ohm 4706 Ohm 4706 Ohm 470 Ohm 470K Ohm 470K Ohm 300 Ohm 220 Chm 6800 Ohm 220 Chm 6800 Ohm 220 Chm 6800 Ohm 221 Wather 230 Chm 30%, 1/8 Watt NOISE BLANKER 10K Ohm 300 Ohm 2.2 Megchm 680K Ohm 330K Ohm 330K Ohm 330K Ohm AGC Thresbott 3300 Ohm, 10 Watt	451-252333 451-252224 451-252224 451-252222 451-252473 451-252473 451-252474 451-252474 451-252473 451-252473 451-252473 451-252473 451-252473 451-252683 451-252684 451-252684 451-252834 451-252834 451-252834 451-252834 451-252834 451-252834 451-252834 451-252834 451-252834 451-252834 451-252834 451-252834 451-252834	13 L4 L5 L8,17,20, 25,28,35,36 L7,30 L8,31 L9,32 L10,33 L11,34 L12 L13,22,37 L14,23 L15 L16 L19 L21 L24 L26 L27,28 T7. T3 T4,6 T5 L38 L39 LLECTR V1 V2,3,5,7,8, 11 V4,9,14, 19,20 V8 V10 V12 V13 V15	Coll, Antenna, 40 Meter Coll, Antenna, 80 Meter Coll, Angenna, 10 Meter Coll, Angenna, 10 Meter Coll, RF, 10 Meter Coll, RF, 15 Meter Coll, RF, 26 Meter Coll, RF, 26 Meter Coll, RF, 80 Meter Republic RF, 80 Meter RF, 80 Mete	061-003346 051-003346 051-003346 051-003532 051-003580 051-003582 051-003342 051-003342 051-003341 050-003841 050-00168 053-000801 050-000801 050-002320 050-002320 050-001245 050-002416 090-001861	S1J,K S2, S3 S4 S5 S6 B1	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
97,189,154, 110,048 C49 C49 C80 C73 C55,80 C84,85,86,67,157,161,165,189 C89,185,187,187 C100,176 C101 C102 C103 C104 C117 C116,125,131,134, C119 C120A,B C121 C122	10 PF, 40.5 PF, 500V, Mica 20 PF, 10%, 500V, Mica 33 PF, 10%, 500V, Mica 33 PF, 10%, 500V, Mica 110 PF, 10%, 500V, Mica 110 PF, 10%, 500V, Mica 600V, Paper 1500 PF, Freed-Thrn, Variable, 5 PF-25 PT: 10%, 500V, Mica 10%, 500V, Mica 10%, 500V, Mica 20 PF, 5%, 500V, Mica 165 PF, 5%, 500V, Mica 20 PF, 10%, 500V, Mica 20 PF, 10%, 500V, Mica 20 PF, 5%, 50	493.110200-131 493-110330-133 493-110050.531 493-110111-134 493.110820-134 046-001434-304 047-100602 F. 044-100473 493-110121-134 046-001294-004 493-110220-231 493-110180-231 493-310331-234 493-310331-234 493-310331-234 491-005270-022 047-001308 493-110301-324 048-000597 491.025470-031 044-000643	R4A B and R64A, B R5, 17, 20, 42, 44, 57, 785, 111, 125, 141, 144, 115, 116, 127, 128, 147, 148, 147, 138, 148, 147, 138, 147, 138, 147, 138, 147, 138, 147, 138, 147, 138, 147, 138, 147, 138, 147, 138, 147, 138, 147, 138, 147, 138, 147, 138, 147, 138, 147, 138, 147, 138, 147, 138, 147, 138, 147, 138, 147, 147, 147, 147, 147, 147, 147, 147	Variable, Dual, 500t and 10N, RF & AF 100K Ohm  33K Ohm  220K Ohm  220K Ohm  470 Ohm  470 Ohm  470 Ohm  470 Ohm  470K Ohm  300 Ohm  220 Uhm 6800 Ohm  220 Uhm 6800 Ohm  220 Uhm 6800 Ohm  247 Wegohm 30K, 1/8 Watt 0015E BLANKER 10K Ohm 30K Ohm	451-252333 451-252224 451-252224 451-252222 451-252473 451-252473 451-252474 451-252474 451-252473 451-252473 451-252473 451-252683 451-252682 025-002898 451-252684 451-252684 451-252834 451-252834 451-252834 451-252834 451-252834 451-252834 451-252834 451-252834 451-252834 451-252834 451-252834 451-252834 451-252834 451-252834 451-252834 451-252834 451-252834	13 L4 L5 L8,17,20, 25,28,35,36 L7,30 L8,31 L9,32 L10,33 L11,34 L12 L13,22,37 L14,23 L15 L16 L19 L21 L24 L26 L27,28 T7.2 T3 T4,6 T5 L38 L39 LLECTR V1 V2,3,5,7,8,11 V4,9,14,19,20 V6 V12 V13 V15 V16 V17 V18	Coll, Antenna, 40 Meter Coll, Antenna, 80 Meter Coll, Angenna, 10 Meter Coll, Angenna, 10 Meter Coll, RF, 15 Meter Coll, RF, 15 Meter Coll, RF, 26 Meter Coll, RF, 26 Meter Coll, RF, 26 Meter Coll, RF, 40 Meter Coll, RF, 40 Meter Coll, RF, 40 Meter Coll, RF, 100 µH Choke, RF, 27 µH Choke, RF, 100 µH Choke, RF, 27 µH Choke, RF, 27 µH Choke, RF, 27 µH Choke, RF, 27 µH Coll, PC Coll	061-003346 051-003346 051-003346 051-003532 051-003580 051-003582 051-003342 051-003342 051-003341 051-003341 051-003341 051-003341 051-003341 051-003341 051-003341 051-003341 051-003341 051-003341 051-003341 051-004861 051-004861 051-004861 051-004216	S1J,K S2, S3 S4 S5 S6 B1	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
97,189,154, 110,048,048,110,048,048,048,048,048,048,048,048,048,04	10 PF, 40.5 PF, 500V, Mica 20 PF, 10%, 500V, Myca 33 PF, 10%, 500V, Myca 5 PP, 40.5 PF, 500V, Myca 10 PF, 10%, 500V, Myca 600V, Paper 1000 PF, 10%, 500V, Myca 10 PF, 5%, 50	493.110200-131 493-110330-133 493-110050.531 493-110111-134 493.110820-134 046-001434-304 047-100602 F. 044-100473 493-110121-134 046-001294-004 493-110220-231 493-110180-231 493-310331-234 493-310331-234 493-310331-234 491-005270-022 047-001308 493-110301-324 048-000597 491.025470-031 044-000643	R4A B and R64A, B R5, 17, 20, 42, 45, 57, 85, 111, 125, 141, 144, 115, 115, 115, 115, 115, 11	Variable, Dual, 500k and 10N, RF & AF 100K Ohm  33K Ohm 220K Ohm  220K Ohm 4706 Ohm 4706 Ohm 470 Ohm 470K Ohm 470K Ohm 300 Ohm 220 Chm 6800 Ohm 220 Chm 6800 Ohm 220 Chm 6800 Ohm 221 Wather 230 Chm 30%, 1/8 Watt NOISE BLANKER 10K Ohm 300 Ohm 2.2 Megchm 680K Ohm 330K Ohm 330K Ohm 330K Ohm AGC Thresbott 3300 Ohm, 10 Watt	451-252333 451-252224 451-252224 451-252222 451-252473 451-252473 451-252474 451-252474 451-252473 451-252473 451-252473 451-252473 451-252473 451-252683 451-252684 451-252684 451-252834 451-252834 451-252834 451-252834 451-252834 451-252834 451-252834 451-252834 451-252834 451-252834 451-252834 451-252834 451-252834	13 L4 L5 L8,17,20, 25,28,35,36 L7,30 L8,31 L9,32 L10,33 L11,34 L12 L13,22,37 L14,23 L15 L16 L19 L21 L24 L26 L27,28 T7.2 T3 T4,6 T5 L38 L39 LLECTR V1 V2,3,5,7,8,11 V4,9,14,19,20 V6 V12 V13 V15 V16 V17 V18	Coll, Antenna, 40 Meter Coll, Antenna, 80 Meter Coll, Angenna, 10 Meter Coll, Angenna, 10 Meter Coll, RF, 15 Meter Coll, RF, 15 Meter Coll, RF, 26 Meter Coll, RF, 26 Meter Coll, RF, 26 Meter Coll, RF, 40 Meter Coll, RF, 40 Meter Coll, RF, 40 Meter Coll, RF, 100 µH Choke, RF, 27 µH Choke, RF, 100 µH Choke, RF, 27 µH Choke, RF, 27 µH Choke, RF, 27 µH Choke, RF, 27 µH Coll, PC Coll	061-003346 051-003346 051-003346 051-003532 051-003580 051-003582 051-003342 051-003342 051-003341 051-003341 051-003341 051-003341 051-003341 051-003341 051-003341 051-003341 051-003341 051-003341 051-003341 051-004861 051-004861 051-004861 051-004216	S1J,K S2, S3 S4 S5 S6 B1	1 I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I

LIST						
	Schematic		Hallicrafters	Schematic		Hallicrafters
	Symbol	Description	Part Number	Symbol	Description	Part Number
	-				MISCELLANEOUS (CO.	NT)
	ELECTRO	N TUBES, DIODES, AND	CHYSTALS		MISCELLANEOUS (CO.	N 1).
)	CR2,3,4,	Diode, Pype 1N456	019-002964		Cover, Cabinel Top	066-004578
I.	5,9,15,17,	7			Cover, Cang V FO Cover, RF Shield	066-004434
;	21,22,23	Decition of Allege	A10 901000		Cover, RF Shield	066-004584 007-000903
3	CR6,7,	Diode, Type 1N295	019-301980	FLL	Escutechon Filter, Crystal	049-000324
	10,11,12, 16,18			711	Foot, Rubber (4)	016-201072
3	CR13	Varicap, Type V100	048-000484		Front Panel Assembly	150-008948
	CR14	Dlode, 12V Zener,	019-003655		Gear, Dial	026-001[73
Į.	CR19 20	Type 1N963A Diode, Type 1N8	019-002941		Gear, ldler Gear, Idler Spur	026-001170 026-001002
I	Y]	Crystal, 100,000 KC	019-002712		Gear, Pinion	026-001 71
1	YŽ	Crystal, 100,000 KC Crystal, 18 00 MC 01	9-003769-008		Gear, Pinion Drive	026-001166
•	Y3	Crystal, 17 70 MC 01	9-003769-007		Gear, Spur	026-001089
r	γ4		9-003769-006		Gear, Spar, Dial Scale	026-001 74 026-001088
	Y5 Y6		9-003769-005 9-003769-004		Gear, Spur (Fixed) Gear, Spur, Pinjon	026-001172
	¥7		9-003769-003		Shaft	
5	Y8	Crystal, 13.5 MC 01	9-0037 <b>69-0</b> 02		Handle, Knob	030-000793
-	Y9		9-003769-001		Housing Air Box	086-004582
	Y11		9-003681-002		Indicator Light Indicator, PRE- 08	086-000687  2-000576-00
	Y10	KC Crystal, 1648,550 01	9-003681-001		SELECTOR	2-000315-001
,	110	KC .	.5 000051 041		Knob CAL-ADJ 01	5-001755-002
į E					and CAL-OFF	
Ē		CONNECTORS			Knob, LOAD Tuning	015-001925
1		Total Automot	010-100056		Knob, Main Tuning Knob, NOISE BLANK-	015-001617 015-001775
2	J1	Jack, Antenna Connector	010-100030		ER and METER AALC	
3	J2	Socket, 11-Pin.	006-200707		Knob; OPERATION,	0 5-00 760
i		Accessory			FUNCTION, and	
	J3	Jack, Phone, 500 Ohm	036-100041		BAND SELECTOR	2 - F B21 202
3	J4,7	Jack, Key and	036-200210		Knob, PLATE Tuning Knob, PRE- 01	015-001909 5-001752-001
}	J5	PHONES Connector, High	035-000095		SELECTOR	3-001192-001
1	55	Voltage	020-00030			5-001740-001
	J6	Connector, Power 12-	010-002588		CW-Tune Level, and	
3		Pin Jones Plug			RIT CONTROL ON-OF	
	J8	Connector, M1C,	010-10 569		Knob; RIT CONTROL.	015-001773
	Pi	W/hardware Plug, 11-Pin, Accessor	nin-nna93a		Mic Gain, and Audio Gain	
3	Pi	Plug	V 0[0-002002	DS1,2	Lamp, Phol, No 1892	039-000797
5 1				DS3,4	Lamp, Neon, NE-2	039-1000[2
		SWIFCHES			Medailion	007-000850
		W. 4	000 000000	Mj	Meter (with hardware)	082-000883
	S1A,E	Wafer, HF and Heterodyne Osc	062-000268		Plate, Gear Plate, Front VIO	063-00 <b>683</b> 0 063-00 <b>68</b> 2 <sub>1</sub>
	SIB	Wafer Osc Plate	062-000263		Plate, Idler Gear	063-006827
	S[C,D,F	Wafer, Osc Plate Wafer, RF and Driver	062-000265		Plate, Left Chassis	063-007021
ž	н				Piaie, Pivol	063-00B82B
3	StC	Wafer, PA Neut	062-000264		Plate, Right Chassis	063-007022
5	SIJ,K 82	Waler, PA Rotary, METER	060-002842 060-002818		Plate, Top Gang Cover Pulley (2)	063-006889 028-200144
5	53	Rotary, FUNCTION	060-002798		Rear Panel Assembly	150-008955
I D	S4	Rotary, OPERATION	060-002795	K1	Relay, Antenna	021-000838
		(includes S4B,		K2	Relay, VOX	021-000732
2	0-	Power)	000 000000		Hotler (2) Shaft BAND	028-000550
9	S5	Pushbatton, Cover Interlock	060-002836		SELECTOR	074-003097
2	S6	Rotary, CAL	060-002794		Shaft, Cam	074-002997
D 1					Shaft, Dial Gear	074-002996
6	<b></b>	MISCELLANEOUS	020-000413		Shaft, PRE- 0	74-002756-003
	Bi	Plower Plows	067-013082		SELECTOR Staft, PRE- 0	enn idaenn kr
4		Bracket Choke	067-013015		SELECTOR (Outer)	74-00279 -002
6		Bracket Blower Bracket, Choke Bracket, Coll	087-203456		Shaft, Tuning	074-003083
i 7		Mounting (6)	242 642100		(Loading)	
5		Bracket, Esuicheon Mounting (2)	067-013109		Shaft, Outer	074-003084 069-201190
0		Bracket, Function	067-012720		Shield, Tube (V7,19) Shield, Tube (V18)	069-201190
6 8		Switch			Socket, 4-crystal	150-003281
6		Bracket, Gang	067-0130L8		Socket, Dual crystal	006-000984
ŏ		Mounting			Socket, Pilot [ight	086-000741
5		Bracket, Meici	067-012721		Assembly	000 004104
_		Mounting Bracket, Meter Switch	067-013014		Socket Relay Socket Single Crystal	006-001184 006-100320
0		and Bias Adj Pot.	*** ****		Socket, Tube, 7-Pin	006-200947
1		Bracket, Pilot Light	067-013315		(V1,6)	
1		Bracket, Pot	067-0127)2		Sockel, Tube, 9-Pin	006-200947
8		Mounting			(V2, 3, 5, 11) Sockel, Tube, 9-Pin	
		Brackei, Preselector	067-013223		Suckel, Tune, 9-Pin	006-001 [ [2
9		Shaft Bracket Spring Adjust	067-012607		(V4,8,9, 14, 20) Socket, Tube, 7-Pin	006-001094
<b>17</b>		Bracket, Spring Adjust Bracket, Switch	067-010585		(V6, 12, 13, 15)	
১		Bracket, Switch Bracket, Switch	067-013083		Socket, Tube, 9-Pin	008-200395
0		Mounting			(V7. 18. 19)	
1		Cabinet Assembly	150-008949		Socket, Tube, 11-Pin	006-001212
		Cabinet Bottom Rivet	150-009577		(V16,17) Spring Anti-Backissh	075-000841
4		Assembly Cabinet Top Assembly	150-009578		Spring, Anti-Backiash Spring, Cam	075-001007
9		Cabinet, Weld	086-004580		Spring, Dial Cord	075-100012
q.		Assembly			Spring, Hoid-down	075-001418
2		Coupling insulator	029-001081		Spring, idler Follower	075-200810 075-001008
9		(Green)	029-200564		Spring, Pivot Plate Stud, Switch	075-001008 074-003098
1		Coupling, Insulator (Yellow)	AP3=200004		Window, Glass, KC	022-000747
2		Cover, Air Box	066-004581		Window, Glass, KC Window, Left Glass	022-000748
ō		Corer, Cabinet Bottom	068-004579		Window, Right Glass	022-000749



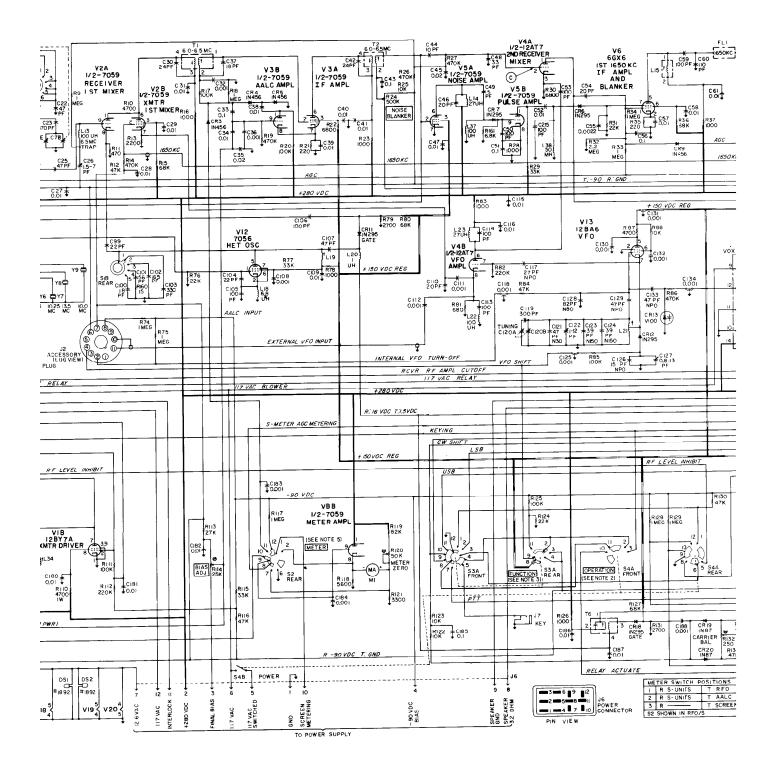


Figure 22. Model SR-2000 Transceiver Schematic Diagram.

